BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

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SILLIMAN'S

PORK RIBS
Fresh Pork Ribs at 10 Cents Per Pound
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EYE, EAR AND THROAT,
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BANGOR, MAINE
Hours, 10 to 12 and 1 to 4.
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Now at Home.

Weather Strips
For Doors and Windows, at
W. P. DICKEY & CO.'S.

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL
Bright, White Light,
Without Smoke or Smell.
For Sale by the Trade.
USE
ECLIPSE CORN
Packed from Selected Crosby Sweet corn and Warranted the Best in Bangor.
J. C. NORTON & CO.'S.

Hamburgs! Hamburgs!

My Importations for the Season of 1888 Have arrived, and are for sale.

C. W. STEVENS.

Jan31 1w

SILKEN EMBROIDERY,
SILKEN ETCHING FLAX,
HARRIS' NEW EMBROIDERY THREADS
(Pure Flax Warranted to Wash)

These threads are sold only by MRS. RUFUS HAMM, and are used in the various schools of art needle work and by high class embroiderers of all varieties of work; also all the new shades of the Bargarets Art Threads and Belding's Sheetings. Indian Algerian Canvases for sale. All the Art Linens for Lunch Cloths, to the fine grade of Irish Linens for Dollies in all widths, from 22 inches wide, down to 15 inches. All the latest designs for Stamping and all goods usually found in first-class art stores for sale by

MRS. RUFUS HAMM, - - - - 43 MAIN STREET.

feb7

The "Reward of Merit!"

The legacy of a recently deceased Bangorean places in store for the head-of-the-class-scholars in a town in the state of Maine, for the consequent twelve-month and turn, it will cause wild scholars in the state seats in their sidesaddles to perfect themselves in their studies, will cause many an extra rub on their shoes and create in the long run an increased demand for their LEATHER. The "reward" business can't start any too soon, and the best foot wear to withstand this coming educational frolic, are the BOYS' LACE SHOES we offer at low figures.

19 West Market Square, - - - E. J. DAVIS & CO.

march12

WARREN'S COUGH BALSAM,
THIS IS AN OLD AND RELIABLE REMEDY.
For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, Diphtheria, etc.

It was originally prepared by the advice and under the supervision of one of the most skillful physicians of the country. From the very first it took high rank among the specifics for those diseases and ever since it has been growing in favor with the people and the medical profession, as the large number of testimonials in our possession will show. It is pleasant to the taste and affords quick relief. We offer it to the public in confident trust that it has no equal for the purpose for which it is recommended.

CALDWELL SWEET & BRO.,
PROPRIETORS,
BANGOR, - - MAINE.

feb4

METAL SKYLIGHTS
And VENTILATORS, for Mills, Stores and Dwellings. Galvanized Iron and Copper Cornices and Gutters. Metal Shingles. Sheet Metal Work for Buildings. Send for Illustrated Circular.
E. VAN NOORDEN & CO.,
383 Harrison Avenue, - - BOSTON.

nov20 6m

ROOM PAPERS,
Window Shades, Upholstery Goods, Drapery, Curtains, &c.
W. O. WARREN, - - 27 MAIN STREET.

july27

HOT AND COLD.
HOT COFFEE, HOT CHOCOLATE,
HOT BEEF TEA, HOT LEMONADE,
AND COLD SODA,
With all the Popular Fruit Syrups at
TRUE'S DRUG STORE,
CORNER STATE AND HARLOW STREETS.

jan17

A Bull's Eye Shot
So to speak, is scored by the man that buys a pair of our
GRAIN CREEDMORE BALMORALS,
For in the several weeks of slop and slush that is bound to get here if it takes all Summer to do it in, they will keep the feet as dry as the ceiling of a taper's mouth in morning, through the whole of it.

19 West Market Square, - - E. J. DAVIS & CO.

march9

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS.
They Introduce so many that no one ever becomes common. Full Stock, including March Patterns now ready.
Metropolitan Catalogue, Large Spring Edition, 25 cents. March Monthly Delineator, 15 cents. March Ladies' Monthly Review, 5 cents.
Send all orders for Patterns, &c., to Eastern Maine Agent
C. W. COFFIN, Bangor, Maine.
Catalogue of Patterns and Illustrated Fashion Sheets mailed free.

feb9

L. J. WHEELDEN COMPANY
ARE NOW SELLING EVERYTHING IN THE
PIANO, ORGAN AND SEWING MACHINE LINE,
For Less Money and on Easier Terms than any Other House in the Business.
NO MATTER what style or make you want, if you wish to save money, it only remains for you to investigate, get every body's lowest prices, and then call at 76 MAIN STREET before closing a trade with any dealer, agent or friend, and they will prove that they mean just what they advertise.
L. J. WHEELDEN, President. M. C. MOORE, Treasurer.

feb21 dtf

SPECIAL BARGAINS!
In Every Department this Month. If you want a Carpet or Window Draperies, improve this opportunity before our annual stock taking, February 1st.
A. H. ROBERTS & SONS.

NEW VEILINGS!
NEW TORCHON LACE!
NEW LINE OF KID GLOVES!
We have all the new styles and shades in Spring veilings, which we are selling cheap. Our line of Torchon Lace is larger by far than ever before, and contains some very choice styles at very low prices. Speaking of Kid Gloves, we would say that while we haven't the largest stock this side of Boston, still we have a good assortment. We would call special attention to our $1.00 embroidered back glove in either hook or button, every pair warranted.
LORD & BRAGDON
19 WEST MARKET SQUARE.

Whig and Courier.

Daily Established 1834—Weekly 1842.

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A CRUSHING REBUKE.

Mr. Boutelle's Effective Repulse of an Attack upon the Memory of Abraham Lincoln.

As briefly mentioned by telegraph, a loose-tongued Virginian, named O'Ferrall in the House of Representatives, last week, while defending the Democratic election methods of the Solid South, went so far as to intimate that the colored race are indebted to President Lincoln for their freedom, as he was a lukewarm, or half-hearted about signing the Emancipation Proclamation. When shall the Mr Kerr of Iowa, a Union veteran, where he learned that the Virginian was so lamentably ignorant of the history of his country as not to know the fact. He then rose and in his remarks about President Lincoln, which brought Mr. Boutelle to his feet with a protest that the ex-Confederate, who had so glibly accused a great veteran of ignorance of his country's history, went into the matter with great fervor when reminded that this was an occasion at the time did not especially qualify him to teach the world and a President famous for his signing of the Proclamation, and he refused to yield a moment for reply. Late in the afternoon the Maine Congressman was granted a few minutes on the Republican side of the debate and the dignified and effective use made of his time is best shown by the following extract from the *Record*. We see by a comparison of the text of Mr O'Ferrall's remarks as quoted from the official notes by Mr Boutelle, with the text as afterwards revised for the *Record*, that an evident attempt was made to soften the ill-judged attack upon President Lincoln by leaving the word "immortal" to prove his virtue.

Mr O'Ferrall, of Virginia—Mr Speaker, I had hoped we would have been able to dispose of this case without an unnecessary debate, and without a political aspect being given to it. The gentleman from Massachusetts says that so long as the colored voters in the South are deprived of the right of Suffrage, just so long will the "Disenfranchised Guard" wave. Mr Speaker, in 1881 the "Disenfranchised Guard" was waved by the people, and they are going to wash it again next fall.

The remark has been made—I believe by the gentleman from Indiana (Mr Johnson)—that you can go to the other end of this Capitol and hear orators—I suppose he means Democratic Senator—insulting Union soldiers. I have never heard any thing of that kind. No man has ever heard such a sentiment coming from my lips, *and I stand ready this moment as one who wears the grey for four years. And if the war had lasted forty years, and God, in his infinite wisdom, had permitted me to live that long, I should have continued to wear the grey.*

But there is not one spark of hostility in my bosom, and I am sorry a matter of this kind has been dragged into this case.

A member (in an undertone)—You forgive us then.

I have heard that remark on this floor before. It is an old chestnut. It was not intended for my ear, and yet I caught it.

It is a fact known and read of all men in the South that no more tyrannical system never existed than that practiced upon colored men by the preachers in their churches and the head men in their societies. I talk about the crook of the overseer's whip! Why, sir, no overseer ever dominated over slaves more than these men have dominated over the members of their churches and societies. If freedom means liberty of thought, liberty of opinion, and liberty of action, the colored men of the South have been as abject slaves to their political preachers and society leaders as they were to their master the day President Lincoln, with a hesitating hand, signed the Proclamation of Emancipation. If freedom means the full rights of citizenship, which implies the right to go to the polls in the full light of day and in the full blaze of the sun and there deposit your ballot without let or hindrance, with no one to molest, no one to detect, then, sir, the freedmen of the South have been deprived of the sweets of freedom through the tyranny, domination, and intermeddling of men of their own race. * * *

Mr Kerr, of Iowa—I ask the gentleman where he learned that Abraham Lincoln signed that grand proclamation with hesitation.

Mr. O'Ferrall—I am sorry the gentleman is so unfamiliar with the history of his country as not to know that fact.

Now, down South the white leaders have no use for the colored man, except so far as they can make him serve their purposes. I remember not long ago hearing the story of an old colored man who had a dream. He dreamed that he died and went to the place where the wicked go after death. He undertook to give an account of his dream. He said he dreamed he was down in that bad place. His friends asked him, "What did you see there?" He answered, "I saw a heap of things." "Did you see any people there?" He said, "I saw a heap of people there." They asked him, "Did you see any of those fellows who have been patting us on the back in this country and stealing our hats?" "Yes! Quite a lot of them." "What were they doing?" His answer was, "Every man of them was holding a nigger between him and the fire." [Laughter.] They use him all they can, but the moment they cannot use him, they cast him aside as quickly as they would a bad shilling.

The gentleman from Iowa asks me where I got my information about President Lincoln hesitating to sign the emancipation proclamation. I have got it in history, unless I have read history wrong. There is a painting which hangs on the walls of this Capitol, a painting which I have been told by judges is a masterpiece. I have also heard that the propriety of hanging it on these walls has been questioned by some. For my part I am glad it is here. It is a perpetuation of an historic event. I refer to the painting representing the signing of the emancipation proclamation by that good man, that man whose heart overflowed with the milk of human kindness, and whose tragic death at the hands of the assassin was a terrible calamity to the whole country, and, coming at the time it did, entirely under-

[illegible] of his country at that time, when he undertook to make that statement.

Mr O'Ferrall—Mr. Speaker, such language is that coming from the gentleman from Maine—and he never loses an occasion to use such language—is not the language of a brave man.

Mr Boutelle—A brave man?

Mr O'Ferrall—I have been taught, in the district in the part of a brave man to be always stepping back and call a foul on foe. It is only cowards that do that in a low manner.

Mr Boutelle—There is no question of bravery about it. Allow me to say to the gentleman——

Mr O'Ferrall—No, sir, I do not yield to you. I have got the floor.

Mr. Boutelle—I wish to propound the question that he will yield to me.

Mr O'Ferrall—No, sir. I do not propose to yield. You can take your own time.

The Speaker *pro tempore*—Does the gentleman from Virginia (Mr O'Ferrall) decline to yield?

Mr O'Ferrall—I do.

Mr Boutelle—I will take my own time.

Mr O'Ferrall—Well, sir, I will yield after you.

Mr Boutelle—I suppose that is to be a defense of the slavery question about.

Mr O'Ferrall—Well sir, if it is, is it the right kind? [illegible] bottom dollar on that. [Great applause in the Democratic side.]

Mr Boutelle—It is your kind, I should judge.

Mr O'Ferrall—Now, Mr. Speaker, when I was interrupted by the gentleman threatening himself in without my permission I was about to say that I only wished that every colored man in this land could make a pilgrimage here to gaze upon that canvas and learn the truth of history, that the freedom came not through the books of war and human massacre and not through the politics of party, that it came a war necessity from a nation struggling for its life, and I repeat that above all the colored man owes the freedom he enjoys to the Great Jehovah, who rules and directs the destinies of nations. * * * * *

Mr. Judge—Mr Speaker, I yield five minutes to the gentleman from Maine (Mr Boutelle).

Mr. Boutelle—Mr Speaker the gentleman from Virginia (Mr O'Ferrall), in the course of his remarks saw fit to travel out of the record of this case to cast a reflection upon the sincerity and character of Abraham Lincoln in the performance of the most important act of his life, and when he was corrected by the gentleman from Iowa (Mr Kerr) he replied as follows, and I read from the official reporter's notes:

"The gentleman from Iowa asks me where I got my information about President Lincoln hesitating to sign the emancipation proclamation. I have got it in history, unless I have read history wrong. There is a painting which hangs on the walls of this Capitol, a painting which I have been told by judges is a masterpiece. I have also heard that the propriety of hanging it on these walls has been questioned by some. For my part I am glad it is here. It is a perpetuation of an historic event. I refer to the painting representing the signing of the emancipation proclamation by that good man, that man whose heart overflowed with the milk of human kindness, and whose tragic death at the hands of the assassin was a terrible calamity to the whole country, and, coming at the time it did, entirely under-

[illegible] gentleman has got through interrupting me, I will proceed.

Mr Molish—I had the right to know whether the gentleman was entitled to the time he was occupying.

The Speaker *pro tempore*—The gentleman from Maine will proceed.

Mr Boutelle—Mr. Speaker, it seems to me it would be but scant courtesy and justice on the part of the House, if it should yield me one of its own time a few brief moments to meet the charge sprung for the first time, so far as I know, upon the people of this country—a reflection upon the great Chief Magistrate who has passed to the life beyond. But in the few moments allowed me out of the ample time awarded this side, I can only in the briefest manner refute the statement of the gentleman from Virginia that Abraham Lincoln was hesitating or reluctant when the time came for snatching the shackles from the limbs of his fellow-beings held in slavery as bondage.

I have the honor to be a resident of a State, and of the city where live the venerable and distinguished patriot, Hannibal Hamlin, who, as Vice President of the United States was the official and personal associate of President Lincoln throughout the four years from March 4, 1861, to 1865, and I could come here from his lips the history which he has caught up by eleven months and which but recently in narrating to public of the interesting way in which Mr Lincoln confided to him before it had informed his Cabinet of his fixed purpose to issue the emancipation proclamation. If the gentleman from Virginia had heard that chapter of inner history and have heard it he would not be in doubt about the strength of purpose that derived the hand of Lincoln when he decreed that four millions of God's children should be free.

In the brief interval of discussion I have hastily placed my hand upon the direct testimony of authorities I could reach, and I now call as witness against the gentleman from Virginia the great finance minister of the war period and later Chief Justice, Salmon P. Chase, who though dead yet speaketh in a vindication of the lofty purposes of his great chief in issuing the immortal proclamation. In the diary of Mr Chase, from which I can but briefly quote, he says, under date of September 22 1862:

"The President then took a graver tone and said "Gentlemen, I have as you are aware, thought a great deal about the relation of this war to slavery, and you all remember that several weeks ago I read to you an order I had prepared upon the subject, which on account of objections made by some of you, was not issued. Ever since then my mind has been much occupied with this subject, and I have thought all along that the time for acting on it might probably come. I think the time has come now. I wish it was a better time. I wish that we were in a better condition. The action of the Army against the rebels has not been quite what I should have best liked. But they have been driven out of Maryland, and Pennsylvania is no longer in danger of invasion.

"When the rebel army was at Frederick I determined, as soon as it should be driven out of Maryland, to issue a proclamation of emancipation such as I thought most likely to be useful. *I had nothing to say to any one, but I made a promise to myself and (hence using a little) to my Maker. The rebel army is now driven out and I am going to fulfill that promise.*

"I have got you together to hear what I have written down. *I do not wish your advice about the main matter, for that I have determined for myself.* This I say without intending anything but respect for any one of you. But I already know the views of each on this question. They have been heretofore expressed, and I have considered them as thoroughly and carefully as I can. What I have written is that which my reflections have determined me to say. If there is anything in the expressions I use or in any minor matter which any of you thinks had best be changed, I shall be glad to receive your suggestions. One other observation I will make. I know very well that many others might, in this matter, as in others, do better than I can, and if I was satisfied that the public confidence was more fully possessed by any one of them than by me, and knew of any constitutional way in which he could be put in my place he should have it. I should gladly yield to him. But though I believe that I have not so much of the confidence of the people as I had some time since, I do not know that, all things considered, any other person has more, and, however this may be, there is no way in which I can have any man put where I am. I am here. I must do the best I can and bear the responsibility of taking the course which I feel I ought to take.

The President then proceeded to read his emancipation proclamation, making remarks on the several parts as he went on, *and showing that he had silently considered the subject in all the lights to which it had been presented to him.*

I am also able to call as a witness another distinguished member of President Lincoln's Cabinet—the Hon. Gideon Welles, at that time Secretary of the Navy. In his reminiscences of "Lincoln and Seward," pages 205, 210 13, he says:

"The distinctive measure of Mr. Lincoln's Administration, beyond all others, that which makes it an era in our national history, is the decree of Emancipation. * * * * *

"No one more than the President was impressed with the difficulties to be met, and at the same time, with the imperative necessity of decisive action. The details of these proceedings, and the final determined stand taken by him—not by the Secretary of State, or any of the Cabinet—to decree by an executive order, the emancipation of the slaves in the rebellious States, have been elsewhere related. It was after all efforts for voluntary emancipation by the States interested, with pecuniary aid from the national treasury, had failed. To Mr. Seward and myself the President communicated his purpose, and asked our views on the 13th of July, 1862. * * * *. *The President deliberately prepared his preliminary proclamation,* which met the approval, or at least the acquiescence, of the whole Cabinet, though there were phases of opinion not entirely in accord with the proceedings. * * *

Aware that there were shades of difference among his Counsellors, and hesitation and doubt with some in view of the vast responsibility and its consequences, *the President decided his own scheme, held himself alone accountable for the act, and unaided and unassisted, prepared each of the proclamations of freedom.*"

As the gentleman from Virginia has sought to find evidence in support of his charge in the expression of President Lincoln's face and his "disheveled hair," as portrayed in Carpenter's great painting now hanging on the walls of the Capitol, I quote a few sentences from "The Inner Life of Abraham Lincoln, or Six Months at the White House," written by the painter himself after the sittings had been concluded. On page 87, he says that on the evening when the proclamation was signed the President remarked to Mr. Colfax that the signature appeared somewhat tremulous and uneven; but, said Mr. Lincoln,

[illegible] turned in a low tone and appeared to be heard by no one but myself. Chase, who was sitting near him, He asked the President if he did not sign it correctly and seemed hurt. The President replied: *I made a solemn vow before God that if General Lee was driven back from Pennsylvania I would write a proclamation of freedom to the slaves.*"

Mr Speaker, I have this subject in a little compass. Borrowing the words with which Lincoln closed his inaugural address, I say I am willing to rest the issue in this contest by the gentleman from Virginia—as Abraham Lincoln left the issue of his proclamation—to the candid judgment of mankind and the gracious favor of Almighty God.

Short Cuts

The bridge building across the Hudson at Poughkeepsie is pronounced a success and it is said it cost about $800,000 a mile.

One hundred and twenty-five savings banks were in existence January 1st in New York State and their aggregate resources were $[illegible],[illegible],[illegible].

New York provided the bail bond of great and costly date, therefore the Osborne, Sanford and Lafey scandals escaped lightly to $200,000 less than it cost the Ring price being $1,000,000.

Miss Booth suffered details and disappointments in the beginning but brought home her shawes without being intercepted for out of her wrappings some $100 worth.

The excise boards of the State of New York will be selected by the New York City Board of Commissioners of Police and the adoption of the system works well in other cities.

After a year's trials New Yorks Police Commissioners have decided to put in 100 police signal boxes, designed to furnish instant and perfect connection between patrolman and the station.

The Canadians are agitating the subject of deepening the St. Lawrence River and canals. It would take many years and much money to remove the shoals, but the navigation would be improved.

Millions of jack rabbits migrated from Oregon to Idaho during the recent cold spell in the Northwest. They crossed the Snake River in waters of the Snake River Indian Reservation and presented a wonderful spectacle.

Florida is crowded with tourists and the rush is unprecedented. St Augustine is the centre of attraction, and the beauties of the new hotels are described in glowing terms by parties holding crushed pocket books.

Some of the shepherds in the mountains of Bulgaria lead an out-door life, confining their flocks for ten or fifteen years without knowing what it is to sleep in a house or to enjoy any of the comforts of civilization.

The Chatsworth disaster has already cost the Toledo, Peoria and Western railroad more than $300,000 in damages, and there is $100,000 yet to pay. A new outfit, costing $40,000, would have exceeded this amount.

THE ALUM BAKING POWDERS

ACTION OF THE MASSACHUSETTS STATE BOARD OF HEALTH

The Names of the Alum Brands Published—The Methods by which they are Sold—Necessity for a National Pure Food Law.

The Massachusetts State Board of Health, like the State Food Commission of Ohio, publishes the names of the alum powders found on sale within its jurisdiction as the most effective way to prohibit the sale of what it classes as a detrimental article of food.

The report names twenty-seven brands of alum baking powders detected, many of which will be recognized by housekeepers who have been using them under the representation that they were pure and wholesome cream of tartar baking powders.

Being cheaply made these goods are sold to the retail dealer at a price that affords him a large profit, and the retail dealer, probably unaware of their nature, is induced to push their sale in place of pure powders upon which the profits are smaller. In this way they are being placed in considerable quantities into the hands of consumers who have not a suspicion of their real character.

Alum baking powders have been legally declared adulterated articles of food in the State of New York, and several parties have been convicted of violating the Food adulteration laws in selling them.

The prevalent method of disposing of these goods where it is not prohibited by law is by accompanying each package with a gift or lottery ticket. In several States acts have been passed making this a misdemeanor. In such localities manufacturers of alum baking powders who regard the law have been compelled to reduce the price from 80 or 40 to 20 cents per pound, at which rate they are now generally sold without a gift. As an illustration of the low value of the alum baking powders, the fact is stated that one of them, no worse than the others, is sold at 5 cents a pound. The extent to which the poorer classes, who are their chief users, are imposed upon when they are charged from 20 to 40 cents for a similar article is quite apparent.

The following are the names of the alum baking powders as given by the reports of the Massachusetts State Board of Health:

ALUM BAKING POWDERS.	
Davis',	A. & P.
Heekin,	State,
Silver Star,	Silver King,
No Plus Ultra,	Welcome,
Enterprise,	Old Colony,
Can't Be Beat,	Crystal,
Eureka,	Centennial,
International,	Gem,
Puritan,	Windsor,
Albany Favorite,	Sovereign,
Golden Sheaf,	Daisy,
Burnett's Perfect,	Geo. Washington,
Forest City,	Fleur de Lis,
	Feather Weight.

While many of the alum baking powders named are only known locally, others are found in almost all sections of the country. Those of largest sale are made in New York and Ohio. An avoidance of the brands named by the Ohio and Massachusetts State authorities, will not insure against the use of the objectionable articles altogether, for the manufacturers when the fact is published that a particular brand contains alum, will simply change the name and the sale goes on as before. Large quantities of these goods are also sold in bulk; by weight, while there are hundreds of different brands put up by small dealers in different parts of the country, where the public analyst is not yet known.

Of the examinations like those by the Ohio and Massachusetts authorities, which

[illegible] of 1885, of a law that shall forbid the traffic in pure food. The proposed law provides for the examination of manufactured articles of food, drink, and drugs and for the publication, in the manner now adopted in Ohio and Massachusetts, of the names of those brands found deficient or injurious to health. A law of this character, that shall impose substantial penalties upon importers and manufacturers of such commodities, will be of vital importance to the whole country.

[illegible] Father [illegible] soon, with the proud consciousness of duty done. I have saved $300 from my year's salary." "Good!" exclaimed the old man. "you are a wise young fellow. Charley, [illegible] father, and I wish you had $300 to spare, I've got to pay some debts."

DYSPEPSIA
Causes its victims to be miserable, hopeless, confused and depressed in mind, weak in body, timid as a child, easily startled, nervous, have no energy or ambition, feel as if they had committed some great crime, have no appetite, bowels costive, tongue coated, and a dull pain in the head almost every day. It is the cause of more misery than any other disease. It is the parent of Nervous Prostration, Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Constipation, Piles, Kidney Complaints, Female Weakness, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Hypochondria, Blood Impurities, Loss of Appetite, Low Fevers, Malaria, Chills and Fever, Boils, Carbuncles, Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scaly Skin, Itching Humors, Ulcers, Abscesses, Sores, Swellings, Tumors, Dropsy, Diabetes, Gravel, Bright's Disease, Diseases of the Urinary Organs, Diseases of the Liver, Diseases of the Lungs, Diseases of the Heart, Diseases of the Blood, Diseases of the Skin, Diseases of the Nerves, Diseases of the Bowels, Diseases of the Stomach, Diseases of the Kidneys, Diseases of the Bladder, Diseases of the Sexual Organs, Diseases of the Feet, Diseases of the Hair, Diseases of the Head, Diseases of the Ears, Diseases of the Eyes, Diseases of the Nose, Diseases of the Throat, Diseases of the Chest, Diseases of the Back, Diseases of the Limbs, Diseases of the Joints, Diseases of the Muscles

Whig and Courier.

BOUTELLE & BURR, PROPRIETORS.

C. A. BOUTELLE, Editor

All business letters should be addressed to Boutelle & Burr, and communications intended for publication should be addressed "Editor of the Whig and Courier."

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 14, 1888.

FOR MAYOR:

CHARLES F. BRAGG.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION

will be held in

NOROMBECA HALL,

BANGOR,

Thursday, April 26, 1888,

At 11 o'clock A. M.,

for the purpose of selecting five candidates for electors of President and Vice-President of the United States, and four delegates at large, and a alternate to attend the National Convention, to be held at Chicago, Illinois, on Tuesday, June 19, 1888, and transacting any other business that may properly come before it.

The basis of representation will be as follows: Each city, town and plantation will be entitled to one delegate, and for each seventy-five votes cast for the Republican candidate for Governor in 1886, one additional delegate, and for a fraction of a number in excess of seventy-five votes, an additional delegate.

State Committees will be in session in the reception room of City Hall, at nine o'clock on the morning of the Convention, for the purpose of receiving credentials of delegates.

All electors of Maine, without regard to political differences, who are in sympathy with the sentiments expressed in the call of the National Committee for the Republican Congressional Conventions, are cordially invited to unite with the Republicans of the state in selecting delegates to this Convention.

Order of the Republican State Committee.

JOSEPH H. MANLEY, Chairman.

WILLIS H. WIXON, Secretary.

Augusta, Maine, February 11, 1888.

The Election.

The *Commercial* is unhappy over the result of Monday's election, and although it concedes a Republican victory it does not succeed in concealing its feelings. For years past the Democrats have insisted that if they only had the Custom House and Post-office under their control they would easily turn the city over, but now that they have the offices they still find themselves in the minority after one of the hottest contests they have ever made in this city, and that, too, on the eve of a Presidential election. There can be a particle of doubt that they fully expected to win by their still hunt tactics supplemented by the dishonest appeal on the school question, but after all their extraordinary efforts they totally failed in order to give the Republicans a majority in the Board of Aldermen, and that, too, on the eve of a Presidential election. There can be a particle of doubt that they fully expected to win by their still hunt tactics supplemented by the dishonest appeal on the school question, but after all their extraordinary efforts they totally failed in order to give the Republicans a majority in the Board of Aldermen and that, too, on the eve of a Presidential election. There can be a particle of doubt that they fully expected to win by their still hunt tactics supplemented by the dishonest appeal on the school question, but after all their extraordinary

Three years ago, says the Chicago *Inter-Ocean*, Grover Cleveland was inaugurated as President of the United States. In only one particular can it be asserted that his Administration has been an unqualified success. He has succeeded in invading all provisions of the civil-service law in the most agile manner, and filled every position worth holding with a dyed-in-the-wool Democrat. As a result all departments of the public business have been more or less demoralized ever since he came into power, and the most important of all to the general interests of the country, the postal service, is constantly engaged in passing from a state of bad to worse.

We publish on the first page this morning the official report of the debate in the House when Mr. Boutelle administered a merited rebuke to the ex-Confederate O'Ferrall for his slurring reference to President Lincoln. In speaking of the incident the Portland *Express* says: When Mr. O'Ferrall, of Virginia, attempted to overawe and browbeat Capt. Boutelle, in the House, Tuesday, in the old ante-bellum style, he was quickly made aware that he had "bitten off more than he could chew," to borrow the vernacular of the F. F. V's. The Maine Congressman did not intimidate worth a cent. The swagger of his opponent only stimulated him to keener thrusts. The result was the complete discomfiture of this modern Virginian Falstaff.

Benedict "Untied" the States.

When he was under examination by the House Committee on Printing "Reformer" Benedict was asked some questions by Mr. Gallinger respecting the dismissal by him of experienced and competent proof readers, most of whom happened to be Republicans, and the appointment of incompetent men, who happen to be Democrats, in their places. The Public Printer did not seem to know much about the qualifications of any of the men, either the men discharged or the men appointed, which was not surprising, in view of his has admitted that he never served an apprenticeship as a printer, but "picked up" the trade around a printing office. Mr. Gallinger produced a number of defective bills and reports that had to be reprinted because of incompetent proof reading. One such document, which he did not produce, was found in the House document room to-day. It is Mr. Crain's joint resolution to amend the Constitution of the United States, a measure which has provoked good deal of discussion. As it came from the hands of "Reformer" Benedict to the House of Representatives, it contained this passage:

The twelfth article of the amendments to the Constitution of the United States shall be numbered, etc.

"Untied" States! Well, it is generally understood that Benedict heartily sympathized with the efforts of the South some years ago to "untie" the States, but everybody supposed that, even as a delicate compliment to Jefferson Davis and his fellow traitors, the Public Printer would use the word "United States" with a little day. It is understood that a second edition of the joint resolution will be printed, of course at the expense of the United States. It is to be hoped that before the investigation ends the Committee on Printing will ascertain how much money it has cost to correct the blunders and replace the documents spoiled by the incompetent politicians, strikers who have been employed by the "Reformer" to replace competent and skillful men who have been discharged because they were Republicans or Union veterans of the Union Army.

A Partisan Bill.

[New York Tribune.]

The Washington correspondent of the *Commercial Bulletin*, a Democratic paper which strongly advocates free trade principles, telegraphs:

The framers of the Mills bill have published the charge of Republican support by the tariff discrimination in favor of Southern as against Northern products and industries. This and other indications point to an undue premium to be given to political as opposed to commercial and business considerations, in the work of the framers and managers of the bill.

The same correspondent telegraphs that there is some disposition to defer any vote, in order to avoid disclosing the division in the Democratic party. The *Commercial Bulletin* properly concludes this plan, as calculated to expose all industry to serious loss through delay and uncertainty, and urges with patriotic earnestness that prompt action is a duty, that Democratic members are not sent to Washington to legislate for this party or that, but for the country, and the country will hold them to their responsibility.

The adjustment that there is important discrimination against Northern products and industries in the proposed measure, and that political considerations rather than a just regard for the welfare of the country have shaped the pending bill, ought not to be overlooked. It is a true charge. Democrats themselves expose the majority in Congress of the plan that legislation has in past years been shaped too much for the benefit of Northern interests. But that plea is most convincingly contradicted by the marvellous growth of the Southern states in manufactures under the influences of Republican legislation. If the same States did not thus rapidly develop for twenty years after the war, it was only because their ruling spirits, continually quarrelling with the Government and fighting for obsolete theories, failed to encourage the development of resources or to invite capital and enterprise. The proof of the wisdom and magnanimous fairness of the Republican policy is found in the splendid growth of the South in recent years, which all Southern papers announce with great delight.

Marked for Ruin.

The cement producers of the United States will be driven out of that business if the "Dirk Lancer" bill becomes a law. The present duty is 20 per cent ad valorem; the bill transfers it to the free list. The manufacture of cement in the United States is a new industry, and yet works have been established in New York and eighteen other States. New York manufacturers produce 300,000 barrels per year, and employ 8,000 laborers, all men. In Kentucky 1,000 men are employed, and the annual output exceeds 1,000,000 barrels. The total amount of capital invested is about $8,000,000, the total output is about 6,000,000 barrels per annum, and the number of workingmen and their families who derive their support from the industry exceeds 60,000. About 87 per cent of the cost of cement represents wages paid to labor. The workingmen engaged in this industry in the United States receive 50 to 75 and in some cases 100 per cent more than the workingmen employed in the same industry in England, France or Germany.

The cost of cement to the consumer is no greater in this country than in any of the countries mentioned, and the price per barrel has steadily declined. Roman cement, which sold for $1.10 per barrel in 1882, was worth only 80 cents in 1883, and American-Portland cement, which was worth $2.25 per barrel in 1882, sold at $1.05 per barrel in 1885. Cement is in no sense "raw material." It is quarried, burnt and ground. Moreover, it does not enter into any other manufacture as raw material. Canada imposes a high duty not only on cement but on the quarried rock from which it is manufactured. The placing of cement on the free list cannot be defended on any ground.

Marine Journal.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

NEW YORK—Ar 13th, schs Hanks Cobb, Coll; Morse, Baker, Galveston; Lester A Lewis, Mosby, Pensacola and Key West.

BALTIMORE—Cld 13th, schs Wm Frederick, Burgess, Demerara.

FERNANDINA—Cld 12th, schs Charlotte Shelley, Bartlett, New York.

SAN FRANCISCO—Cld 10th, ship Robert L Belknap, Staples, Liverpool.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Sld from Vigo March 1, bark Adelaide Coggill, Hoghton, St Thomas.

SPOKEN.

Bark James Greenfield, Lancaster, from New York for Talcahuano and Valparaiso, Dec 22, lat 27 5, lon 74 W.

Special Notices.

THE ANNUAL

Rental of Pews

—IN THE—

HAMMOND STREET

Congregational Church,

Rev. H. L. GRIFFIN, Pastor,

will take place

Monday Evening, March 19th,

At 7:00 o'clock.

J. W. McCLURE, - - Treasurer.

EASTERN TRUST

—AND—

BANKING COMPANY,

—OF—

BANGOR, MAINE.

Transacts All Kinds of Business Relating to Finance.

Loans funds on real estate or personal security. Buys and sells railroad, town, county and municipal corporation loans, stocks, bonds and investment securities in general.

Allows Interest on Deposits.

Receives deposits subject to check, upon which interest is allowed, and is by its charter made a safe depository of the funds held by officers of corporations, trustees of estates, and persons holding trust in a fiduciary capacity. Discounts commercial paper, makes collections throughout the world and buys and sells foreign exchange.

Acts as executors of wills, administrator, guardian, or trustee in probate, assignee in bankruptcy, trustee under mortgages, and as fiscal agent of states, municipalities and business corporations.

FRANCIS H. GERRITY, President.

HORACE B. CLAPP, Vice President.

GEORGE M. CARNEY, Secretary.

CHARLES H. CROSBY, Assistant Treasurer.

DR. C. P. THOMAS,

OF BREWER,

who has been absent several weeks attending the hospitals in New York and Philadelphia, will resume his practice about March 15th.

EQUITY.

"Mutual Insurance," says the *American Exchange and Review*, "is a great disappointment to equity adjusting the relative amount members proceeding to pay for the past and for the future. Co-operation is the nearest approach to equity, and it is not to be chary of occurrences of the unfortunate hour, will not equity without adjustment, and without surrender from the co-operators, as a general, but rather in illusion and deception." The

Connecticut Mutual Life Ins. Co.

is a purely mutual Company, and every member is treated with entire equity.

Particulars can be had of

H. N. FAIRBANKS, General Agent, BANGOR, MAINE.

Silks! Silks! Silks!

32,700 worth to be sold at 30 per cent. less than cost. Remnants of Silks and Satins at nearly half cost. Want to close the lot! PRICE THEM.

JOSEPH F. SNOW.

MRS. E. STEVENS'

MILLINERY PARLORS,

are now located at 124 HAMMOND STREET, opposite the "Leader."

NEW YORK & BANGOR S. S. LINE.

will be dispatched

A. 1 STEAMER

"LUCY P. MILLER,"

Pier 1 East River, New York,

Saturday, March 3, at 9 A. M.,

making full connections at New York with reliable points, including Portland.

F. E. HOSTER & CO., General Managers, 1 South Street, New York.

H. C. GIMPEL & CO., Eastern Agents, 10 Exchange Street, Bangor.

House Painting.

The present is a good time to have the fall work done and for the very best of painting call. We have experienced workmen and are prepared to do first-class work in all its branches.

MARSTON & CORHAM,

3 STATE STREET.

BIRTHS.

In Arcadia, Mich, March 5th, Mrs. Elizabeth, wife of James Wyman, aged 35 years, 6 months and 11 days.

CLEAN&FAST!

I. & R. Morley's Celebrated English Make of

HOSIERY.

These goods are better and more favorably known to the first retail trade of Boston and New York, than any stocking in the market. The dye is

Absolutely Fast---The Original English Clean&Fast.

Every pair stamped and warranted. The dye used by I. & R. Morley contains NOTHING to INJURE the fabric—unlike most of the so-called fast dyes. We have taken the utmost pains to place a full line of this

CELEBRATED ENGLISH HOSIERY

Before our patrons, and would urge comparison with any goods in the world. MAKE NO MISTAKE. This is the best value in Hosiery brought into this country. We have the full line—heavy, light and medium weight COTTON and LISLE for LADIES. Light weight and heavy ribbed Cotton for Children, and a line of Men's Half Hose.

Prices Ranging From 40 cts. to $1.

I. & R. MORLEY STAMPED ON EVERY PAIR.

CLEAN&FAST STAMPED ON EVERY PAIR.

THE---GLOVE---STORE.

SNOW & COMPANY.

Bon Marche, Simpson's Best, Foster, Bacritz, and a New Embroidered Back Glove, warranted for $1.00.

NONE ARE GENUINE WITHOUT THIS TRADE MARK ON EACH PAIR. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT

—OF THESE—

CELEBRATED GOODS

—FOR—

Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses and Children,

In Plain and French Ribbed, can be found at the Range Agency established with

E. H. HALL,

23 MAIN STREET.

The best in the New Blue Gloves, Hosiery and Under-wear. Dress Goods and Small Wares. Fancy Goods.

Monday, March 12, Mark Down!

JET PASSEMENTRIES AND ORNAMENTS.

5 Dozen Jet Ornaments,	.25	Former Price,	.37½
3 " "	.37½	"	.50
4 " "	.50	"	.75
4 " "	.75	"	$1.00
3 " "	1.00	"	1.50
3 " "	1.25	"	1.75
3 " "	1.50	"	2.00

Jet Section Passementries 25 per cent. below actual cost.

This is for Just Three Days!

Full line of Bon Marche Simpson's No. 1, and Foster Gloves. Fitted and Warranted.

SNOW & COMPANY,

THE GLOVE STORE,

37 and 39 Main Street.

DOMESTIC PERFECT FITTING PATTERNS.

Spring Catalogues,

March Fashion Papers.

Now Ready,

DWELLEY & CO.

March and April Investments!

We offer the following loans, subject to prior sale, at par and accrued interest, PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST GUARANTEED.

Amount	Time	Rate of Interest	Appraised value of property.
$1,200	5 years	6 per cent.	$3,000
500	5 "	6 "	1,535
450	5 "	6 "	1,500
400	5 "	6 "	2,200
350	5 "	6 "	1,600
250	5 "	6 "	1,200
			1,200

BLAKE, BARROWS & BROWN, Bankers,

19 CENTRAL ST., BANGOR.

$ Home Investments. $

Very Desirable and Paying

Better Interest than Savings Banks.

For Sale by

BOWLER & MERRILL, Bankers,

And Proprietors of the

Bangor Safe Deposit Vaults,

No. 7 Kenduskeag Block, - - Bangor.

YOU KNOW

SULLIVAN THE HITTER,

—BUT—

SULLIVAN THE HATTER,

—HAS HIS—

OPENING DAY,

SATURDAY, MARCH 3,

—OF—

Dunlap & Co.'s Celebrated

Silk and Stiff Hats.

NO 8 SMITH BLOCK.

Pulp Mill For Sale.

The Chemical Fibre Pulp Mill at Lincoln, Maine, is for sale. Can be put in operation easily about April 1st. Daily capacity 15 tons. For particulars and full description apply to THOMAS J. STEWART, Trustee of Assets, Bangor, Maine.

THE

FINEST IN THE WORLD!

C. A. Averill & Co.,

AGENTS,

GRANITE BLOCK,

East Market Square.

Two Doors From State St.

Dairy Fed Pork,

Pure Lard and Sugar Cured Hams, at

CHAS. YORK & CO'S,

Farm For Sale.

Two and one-half miles from Post Office. Consisting of about 50 acres all tillage land, some 30 acres, fruit consisting of 200 young trees, apples, pears, plums, just commencing to bear; also 10 blackberries, and a large amount of raspberries, 1½ acres strawberries, house and shed. Good well of water at door. Enquire of

J. H. AYER,

29 Broad Street and 79 Exchange Square.

NOTICE.

Having been in the employ of J. H. Eldridge for seven years, we feel confident of satisfying the public in our line of business.

Painting, Graining and Paper Hanging a Specialty.

SHOP 401-2 CENTRAL ST.,

(Opposite L. Nichols.)

FRANK THURSTON, BOSCOM & MORGAN.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD $4 Pine Street. Two front rooms. Very pleasant, body house connected.

Entertainments.

THE

WILEY STUDIO,

115 Main Street.

Grand Concert!

BY THE

Arbuckleinian Brass Quartette.

—AT—

CITY HALL,

Thursday, March 15th,

—Assisted by—

MISS DORA WILEY, Soprano.

Miss May Sullivan.....Reader.
Mr. A. G. Morgan.....Tenor
Mr. A. G. Rose.....Tenor
Mr. H. H. Hall.....Bass
Mr. S. H. Beardsmore.....Cornet Soloist
Mr. Oscar E. Wangah.....Flute Soloist.
Miss Annie Wangah.....Violin Soloist.
.....Accompanist.

Popular Prices—Admission 25 cents, Reserved seats, 35 cents.

Tickets on sale at Warren's Drug Store

Doors open at 7.30, concert at 8

SAM W. SMALL,

will give one of his popular lectures at

NOROMBECA HALL,

On Monday Evening, March 19th,

AT 7:30 P. M.

Admission 25 cents.

Tickets for sale at J. D. Glynn's, Garden Heights, and Whitmarsh's drug store.

CITY HALL,

Friday Evening, March 16th,

will be presented in costume the

OPERETTA,

entitled

"THE LAND OF NOD."

by the young people of the Unitarian S. S. Entertainment at 8 o'clock, to be followed by dancing.

MUSIC by Andrews, Sanborn and Cushing.

Tickets 75 cents, 1.25 for Dress Circle Stand, 75 Main street.

MATINEE for children, Saturday, March 17th, at 2 P. M.

First Parish

ENTERTAINMENT.

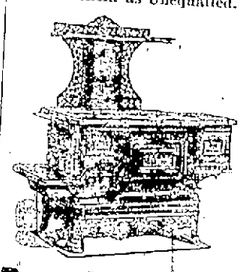
Will be given

At the Vestry of the First Parish Church,

On Friday Evening Next,

At which a fine musical programme will be presented, followed by a supper, which tea and dainties will come, and concert. Music by Hayden's Orchestra. Admission, all for a seasonal contribution. Doors open at 6.30, admission 15 cents.

The Many Thousands Sold Establish Them as Unequalled.



Royal Clarion

COOKING RANGE

With Low End Hearth

And Large Ash Pan

FITTED FOR COAL OR 24 INCH WOOD

Furnished with Plain LEGS or with CABINET BASE, LOW HOT CLOSET, ELEVATED HOT CLOSET, ELEVATED SHELF, END TANK, WAGON TOP, or BRASS COIL. Also our TACHMENT, making the most complete cooking apparatus yet produced. Made by skilled mechanics from the best materials.

Every Range Warranted.

Sold by leading STOVE DEALERS. If not for sale in your vicinity, send your address for information to the manufacturers.

WOOD, BISHOP & CO.,

BANGOR, ME.

NOW IS THE TIME

To Purchase

Robes, Blankets,

Surcingles, Etc.

At Our

CLEARANCE SALE

Continues but

FIVE DAYS LONGER!

Also a Complete Assortment of

Harnesses, Whips, Trunks, Bags, &c., at

LOW PRICES,

—AT—

LOMBARD & GOULD'S,

Harness and Trunk Store,

West End Kenduskeag Bridge.

We are the Bangor Agents for Dickinson's Gall Cure and Vampire Hairless Black, the best in the world.

H.W.JOHNS'

ASBESTOS

LIQUID PAINTS

ROOFING, BOILER COVERINGS, Steam Packings, Mill Board, Gaskets, Sheathings, Fire-proof Coatings, Cements, &c. SEND FOR DESCRIPTIVE PRICE LISTS.

For Sale by

HENRY McLAUGHLIN, Bangor,

Spring Goods!

Marbles, Japanese Kites, Jump Ropes, Rolling Hoops, Indian Clubs, Base Balls, Rubber Balls, Base Ball Masks, and Bats, Return Balls, Tops, Garden Sets, Velocipedes, Go-Carts, and Perambulators.

J. D. GLYNN'S,

Nos. 8 and 9 State Street

Undertakers' Notice.

JOHN KANE & CO.,

Wish to inform the public that they have opened rooms at

22 EAST MARKET SQUARE,

for the purpose of conducting the UNDERTAKING BUSINESS in all its branches.

We have secured the services of a competent embalmer and funeral director, and have a well assorted stock of

Coffins, Caskets, Metallic Cases, Robes, Etc.,

which will at all times be kept up to the market standard.

Hacks in any number supplied on demand for funerals and other occasions.

We would respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage.

Open all hours of day and night.

Yours to serve,

JOHN KANE & CO.

Bangor, Feb. 20, 1888.

WHY

HER MAJESTY'S

CORSET

is

BETTER

than any other made in

EUROPE or AMERICA,

is

BECAUSE

1st, IT IS THE ONLY CORSET EVER MADE that will reduce the size and increase the length of the waist of a heavy figure without injurious tight lacing

2d, IS THE BEST SIGNAL SUPPORTER for a side, and is supported equally well by the abdomen and all other parts of the body.

3d, IT IS PROOF AGAINST PERSPIRATION and moisture. Will neither corrode or rot the undercloth, stretch or break in the bone nor remove or spoil the dye.

4th, IT NEVER CHANGES ITS FORM, always retaining the original shape. It is invaluable to young ladies, because it prevents stooping and round shoulders.

5th, THIS CORSET MUST NOT BE MORE than 2 inches smaller than the size of your waist when measured tight lacing, as it is not to be used as a tight lacer, but only to give a fashionable form.

PRINCESS OF WALES CO., N. Y., MFRS.

Kept in stock and recommended by

H. W. DURGIN.

If You Want to Save Money in Buying

Carriages, Sleighs,

Robes, Blankets, and Harnesses, New and Second-Hand Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, Room Paper, Or any kind of House Furnishing Goods, call on

WINCHESTER & YORK,

Successors to STANG & WOOD,

CARRIAGE DEPOSITORY,

Auction and Commission Merchants,

Buy and Sell Carriages, Sleighs, Harnesses, Robes, Blankets, etc. New and Second Hand Furniture, Carpets, Stoves and House Furnishing Goods.

G. A. WINCHESTER. L. G. YORK.

12 Harlow St. Bangor, Maine.

THOS. JENNESS & SON,

—HAVE THE—

Wholesale and Retail Agency for Bangor and Vicinity,

for this celebrated Bicycle, the Best, Safest and most popular in the market. Descriptive Catalogues on application or at store.

CALL AT

TEA WHITE'S

And Buy a Piece of

MASTER WORKMAN

TOBACCO,

This is First-Class Smoking Tobacco.

SAVE THE TAG,

And on the first day of June the person who returns to us the Largest Number of these tags that he got at our store, will receive

THE VERY BEST

GENUINE

MEERSCHAUM PIPE

WE OWN,

COST SIX DOLLARS

If you use Tobacco buy this and get the Pipe FREE.

TEA WHITE.

DRIVE

NO. 1

California White

CHERRIES

In Heavy Syrup,

25 Cts. Per Can.

French Prunes,

10 Cts. Per Pound.

CALL EARLY.

THOMPSON & KELLOGG.

ARE

YOU READY

To Buy Your

CARPETS?

No better opportunity [illegible] than now. [illegible] to get the feathers off [illegible] it requires vastly more [illegible] as we purpose to do it in

TEN DAYS.

The matter of [illegible] question. Our [illegible] and will soon be [illegible] absolutely necessary [illegible] just get and buying [illegible] prices must not [illegible] Now this [illegible] the Spring [illegible]

COTTON,

WOOLEN,

TAPESTRY,

BRUSSELS,

or VELVETS

Cotton and the price is [illegible]

Woolen and the price is [illegible]

Tapestry and the price is [illegible]

Brussels and the price [illegible]

Velvet and the price is [illegible]

CARPETS

FOR

FIVE CENTS

Per Yard,

But in doing so some of the above conditions will have to be changed

DO YOU WANT A

CARPET

For the Parlor, for the Sitting Room, for the Dining Room, Chambers, Hall or Stairs,

when one can be bought for [illegible] to the one you have paid $[illegible]? We must make room for spring goods and stands you in hand to make room for the old Carpet in a fresh one. Make the change now and save [illegible]

You Can Do it by Buying Now!

THE

ATKINSON

HOUSE

Furnishing Co.

UNION HALL, UNION STREET,

Opposite Bangor House,

BANGOR.

A. J. MOREY, Manager.

ISAAC C. ATKINSON, Gen. Manager.

Let the Grand Army veterans make a note of it: Senator Vest, a Democratic statesman, and the Nashville *American*, a Democratic organ, call them "the grand army of beggars." To the Bourbons the Union soldier and the cause for which he fought are objects of equal hatred.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

Whig and Courier.

WEDNESDAY. MARCH 14, 1888.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MAINE NEWS.

A TERRIBLE TRAGEDY.

A Wife Murdered, Her Two Children Shot Through the Head,

And the Murderous Husband and Father Kills Himself.

WATERVILLE, March 13. The inquest [illegible] body of Mrs. Angie Warren, of [illegible], was concluded this afternoon. [illegible] found that she came to her death [illegible] violence of her husband, Darius [illegible] Warren. County Attorney Carleton [illegible] Carver, at his house, had just [illegible] complaint charging him with [illegible] his attorney he had waived [illegible] and a mittimus had been [illegible] him to jail. He had been [illegible] requested a last interview with his two children, Cora aged eight [illegible] three years, the officers [illegible] In an instant

He Drew From His Sleeve

[illegible] thirty-two caliber, and [illegible] youngest child through the head. [illegible] so taken by surprise that [illegible] the desperate man [illegible] through the head and turned [illegible] the third shot [illegible] heart. The eldest girl [illegible] and the younger is [illegible] in another room [illegible] from the top of her [illegible] A sadder and [illegible] sight has never been seen in

The Entire Family are Sacrificed

[illegible] brutality of the father. [illegible] of the deceased man were in [illegible] the brother and [illegible] the murdered mother in a neighboring [illegible] The coroner ordered the [illegible] the angry [illegible] gathered, that [illegible] hostility toward Mr. Warren's [illegible], who appear to be [illegible] believing they supplied [illegible] for the purpose of [illegible]

The Story of the Wife Murder

[illegible] March 12. The murderer is [illegible] thirty five years of age. [illegible] by trade and travels [illegible] collecting rags in exchange [illegible] For some five years past [illegible] wife, Angie M., have occupied [illegible] dwelling house in Benton, [illegible] his work shop [illegible] opposite side of the [illegible] Warren's little [illegible] neighbors [illegible] announced that [illegible] In response to this [illegible] visited the house and [illegible] represented by the [illegible]

[illegible] the Body

[illegible] was found that her [illegible] her body were [illegible] and there was a bad [illegible] her nose. This at [illegible] suspicions of foul play and [illegible] and at three o'clock [illegible] Deputy Sheriff Hill and [illegible] on the scene, together [illegible] Hill, of Waterville [illegible] inspection of the [illegible] careful examination, it [illegible] post mortem examination [illegible] and ascertain [illegible] were sufficient to [illegible]

The Coroner

[illegible] jury and War[illegible] taken in port. His [illegible] o'clock Sunday [illegible] to his barn when his [illegible] angered and said there [illegible] with her mother [illegible] found his wife [illegible] terrible it. He [illegible] and tried to hold her [illegible] struggles that she [illegible] Finally [illegible] on the bed and after [illegible] He then [illegible] at about 9.20 [illegible] going to [illegible] this morning he [illegible] to Mrs. Warren, but she [illegible] and there [illegible] his hand upon her [illegible] to death.

Suspicious Circumstances

[illegible] in the kitchen, where [illegible] had evidently been [illegible] all the other floors [illegible] clothes had been [illegible] be found when [illegible] Warren sent for his [illegible] in the morning. [illegible] during the day [illegible] sent away. Warren [illegible] good reputation [illegible] speak in the best [illegible] Mrs. Warren was 33 [illegible] weighing about 110 pounds, [illegible] has treated her [illegible] day about two [illegible] appeared at the nearest [illegible]

In Her Stocking Feet

[illegible] over her head. She was [illegible] great fear and [illegible] to hide her from her [illegible] threatened to kill her. [illegible] but at about 11 [illegible] Warren took a fence rail, [illegible] one of the lower [illegible] apartment and do[illegible] She went home with [illegible] hoped that she had [illegible] her visit to the neighbors [illegible] own house after [illegible] a young man who [illegible] the young man was [illegible] of Warren.

FIRE AT CHERRYFIELD.

Dwelling House Burned.

[Special to the Whig and Courier.]

CHERRYFIELD, March 13. The dwelling house [illegible] owned by John McDavitt, [illegible] destroyed by fire last night. The house was insured for $900 and the furniture [illegible] $500. The furniture was [illegible] A defective chimney was [illegible]

THE MAXWELL WILL.

The Heirs Propose to Sustain It.

[illegible] March 13. The relatives of the late Noble Maxwell, of this place, propose to resist the claims set up by Charles [illegible] Littlefield and [illegible] Littlefield, of Freeport, against the will. Charles Maxwell, one of the heirs, went to Boston this morning to consult with the executors. Several depositions have been taken by the executors, among them one by Capt. George [illegible] Muzzard, of Brunswick. All who have [illegible] Capt. Noble Maxwell state that the [illegible] claims will amount to nothing.

THE GREAT STORM.

Serious Results to Trains and Telegraph.

Five Trains Blocked at West Biddeford.

BIDDEFORD, March 13. Last night's storm was more severe than that of January 26th. Less snow fell on a level, but the streets and railroads are drifted worse. Telegraph wires between here and Boston are down in many places, which greatly interferes with the passenger service. The west train due here at 7.20 last night, from Boston, was stuck in the snow at North Berwick and did not get through till nine o'clock this morning. The east bound night Pullman arrived four hours late. The last local west bound passenger train on the western division of the Boston and Maine and freight No. 2 were stalled all night at West Biddeford and have not yet started. The first morning express out from Portland ran off the track at Pine Point, caused by the spreading of the rails. A wrecker is now working to get the engine and cars back on the rails.

The Blockade Broken.

Five trains on the western division of the Boston and Maine, which have been at West Biddeford all day awaiting orders, started at five o'clock to-night, when train orders were received here from Haverhill. The tracks are now clear, but the trains are all greatly delayed. The mail due here from Boston at 7.20 is over three hours late. There has been no freight traffic through here to-day. It is still snowing.

Tremendous Winds Fill the Air with Blinding Snow.

PORTLAND, March 13. The storm which prevailed yesterday was one of the severest of the winter here. So far as the wind was concerned it has not been surpassed this season. The wind did not fall below the velocity of 24 miles per hour from 7.45 o'clock A. M. until night. At 5 o'clock last evening it was blowing 30 miles per hour; from 12 o'clock noon until 2 P. M. it averaged 35 miles with a maximum of 40 miles. The storm struck this part of the country from Lake Ontario and the wind blew from the east shifting to the northeast. The air was so full of snow that it was impossible at times to see a hundred yards distance and the wind made travel[ing] difficult besides doing more or less damage.

A Turbulent Harbor.

In the harbor a wild scene presented itself. The sea ran high and the waves were white capped. Vessels at anchor careened first to one side and, then to the other and plunged wildly backward and forward. The ferry boats were unable to run after six o'clock last evening on account of the ice, and during the day they made irregular trips landing at the end of the wharf instead of at their usual places.

One of the crew of the fishing schooner Elsie M. Smith, which arrived at 3 o'clock P. M., stated that the sea outside was as rough as he had seen it this season and very dangerous. The most of the fishing fleet put in before the storm reached its height, and thus escaped the possibility of being driven upon the coast and wrecked. The Boston boat did not make her usual trip last night on account of the storm and will not sail until to-night.

The Storm Rages.

Last evening the storm raged in all its fury and the wind piled the snow in drifts that in many places were more than four feet deep, signs creaked, the streets were almost deserted, whirlwinds filled the air with snow, and the general appearance about town was much the same as on the night of the great January storm. The snow which fell was very moist, almost a sleet, making railroading difficult and trains late.

At twelve o'clock last night, the early evening train from Boston was reported to be somewhere in the vicinity of Wells. The Portland and Ogdensburg train due at 8.35 was reported to be disappearing beneath the drifts just west of Hiram, with a derailed snow plow in front of it.

A General Shut Down.

The horse cars could not run on time during the afternoon and only a few trips were made in the evening. In many places telegraph and other wires were down and many of the electric lights were out, which added to the peril of being upon the street in the storm. Owing to the very high sea and the heavy wind, it is probable that vessels that were unable to reach port suffered severely and wrecks will probably be reported.

The storm continued with unabated fury throughout the night and towards morning the few passers on the streets had all they wanted to do to make their way against the wind. The drifts in many places were waist deep and the damp, heavy snow clung to the clothing and was blown about in blinding clouds.

The Maine Central All Right.

The streets are almost impassable to-day. No horse cars have run. Railway trains are all delayed to the west, but the Maine Central is open though the trains go slow. In the harbor there is a large amount of floating ice. Schooner John Somes parted her chains last night, by reason of the pressure of drift ice, and her captain ran her ashore on the beach at Long Island. She will be pulled off without damage. Several small accidents are reported in the harbor. There is not as much snow as fell in the last storm.

Effects of the Storm at Augusta.

AUGUSTA, March 13. The storm in this city has not been as severe as at the west, only about four inches of snow fell on a level but it was heavy and was blown as it fell into piles. Traffic about the city has not been impeded. The greatest inconveniences have arisen from the delayed Western trains, all being from four to six hours late, the Boston express being even ten hours late, thus destroying the mail services; also from the wires being down, so that telegraphic communication has been almost impossible.

LITTLE BERTIE BROWN.

The Chesterville Boy, Incendiary.

FARMINGTON, March 12. Ever since Judge Chandler in the Municipal Court bound over Bertie Brown to await the action of the Grand Jury he has been in the Farmington jail under the care of Jailor Jewell, who has found him a kind, quiet little boy, and he has thus won favors from the kind hearted jailor that he would not otherwise have obtained.

Saturday morning Jailor Jewell brought him into court, where he was arraigned before Judge Libbey on an indictment for arson. He looked diminutive indeed in the prisoners' dock, but was very neatly dressed and has grown chubby during his stay with the county. He answered promptly "not guilty" when the indictment was read to him and when Judge Libbey asked him if he had counsel he replied: "Mr. Greenleaf has helped [illegible] Lawyer Greenleaf [illegible] court his [illegible] prison [illegible]

HEAVY FIRE IN CAMDEN.

Odd Fellows and Masonic Halls Burned.

The Town Books Destroyed.

CAMDEN, March 13. Fire broke out at midnight in Henry Knight's building occupied by a store, town office and Odd Fellows' Hall, which were destroyed, and also Johnson Knight's adjoining hardware store and Masonic Hall building. The building adjoining, occupied by a blacksmith and carpenter's shop, belonging to Johnson Knight, is burning now. Another owned by the same owner, adjoining, occupied by a carriage paint and repair shop, is now burning, at 1 A. M. The firemen expect to stop it here. The loss is estimated at upwards of thirty thousand dollars, partly covered by insurance. The town books are destroyed.

The Fire Under Control.

The fire is under control at 2 A. M. It totally destroyed three buildings, all new, two belonging to Johnson Knight and one to Henry Knight. The fire is supposed to have started in Leach & Young's variety store, Odd Fellows' building, and quickly communicated to all parts. The occupants were Leach & Young, Young's market, town office, offices of Drs. Stone and Wheeler. No insurance. Johnson Knight's Masonic building, was occupied by I. M. Strong, hardware, loss estimated at $6,000; T. H. Hurt, law office and Masonic Hall. Johnson Knight, and Henry Knight's insurance on the three buildings is $12,000. The Methodist Church took fire several times, but was put out. The cause of the fire is unknown.

FROM THOMASTON.

Found Dead in His Store from Heart Disease

THOMASTON, March 13. Capt. Joseph Henderson, of the firm of J. Henderson & Co., stove dealers, was found dead in his store at 9.30 last evening. He left home at seven o'clock to lock the safe at the store, and not returning his family became alarmed and on going to the store his dead body was found on the floor. He was formerly a ship master and was seventy-two years old. The cause of his death was heart disease. He leaves a wife and two daughters.

FROM ALFRED.

The Offices Evenly Divided

ALFRED, March 13. The election to-day resulted in the choice of one Selectman, Treasurer and Town Agent by the Republicans and two Selectmen and Auditor by the Democrats.

FROM BIDDEFORD.

Farm Buildings Burned.

BIDDEFORD, March 13. The farm buildings of Elbridge Dearborn, four miles from this city, were burned last night. Loss $3,000; partially insured.

FROM AUGUSTA.

Team Stolen and Recovered.

AUGUSTA, March 13. The City Marshal received word this afternoon to look out for a Waterville livery stable team stolen and supposed to be here. The Marshal found the team and one of the men who stole it, whom he locked up but afterwards released upon orders from Waterville. The other man went to Gardiner and the officers are looking for him.

THE GREAT MARCH STORM.

How New York and New England Felt Its Force.

NEW YORK, March 12. The storm which began with rain and a light northeasterly wind at 9 o'clock on Sunday morning, late last evening turned into the worst snow and wind storm seen here in twenty years. All the surface roads are blocked with snow, which has fallen to the depth of two feet, and traffic by the elevated lines is suspended, the thick snow making it dangerous to run trains on any sort of time. Out of 125 young women employed as operators by the Western Union but three had been able to reach the office at 10 o'clock this morning. The Stock Exchange was deserted, dealers being unable to reach Wall street. The storm in the bay is very severe, and no arrivals have as yet been reported. The wind is blowing a gale from the north.

11 A. M. The storm continues without any indications of subsiding. Many trucks and other conveyances had to be abandoned in the streets, owing to the deep snow which has drifted in high banks in all directions. It is impossible to ascertain how much damage has been done in the city, as the wires are down on every street. New York is completely isolated from Philadelphia and the South, the wires being down since midnight, and trains on all roads ceased running at an early hour this morning. There has been no news received from the West since midnight, and the Western Union officials are unable to state when communication with the South and West will be restored. The few wires that are working to the East are liable to give out any moment.

Horse Cars Abandoned.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 12. The storm in this vicinity is very bad indeed. At this hour (11 A. M.) no train has arrived from New York, and the mail and newspaper trains are stuck at Black Rock, just below Bridgeport, with not very favorable prospects of moving, as the snow packs hard and is drifting badly. At Darien several telegraph poles are down across the track. On the Naugatuck division trains are snowbound. No train has yet come down the Northampton division, and no trains are starting east on the Shore Line division. The snow has drifted very badly in the railroad yard, and trains are unable to push through without shoveling. On the horse car roads cars pulled by six and eight horses have become stuck and abandoned by the passengers. The snow is about fifteen inches deep, wet and drifting.

Later—The railroad business is at a complete standstill. No trains to New York have got below Bridgeport; and no trains have been started east since early this morning. In trying to get an eastern train out of the yard, it left the track, and blocked both out and in tracks. Several trains from the east have been standing in the cut for hours, waiting to get into the depot.

Buried in Snow at the Depot.

BRIDGEPORT, Ct., March 12. The storm to-day is the most severe within the memory of the oldest railroad men in this vicinity. No trains have been sent out on the Housatonic and Naugatuck roads, and none will be started until the storm abates. The New Milford special arrived here this morning over three hours late, but was unable to proceed beyond the depot. The train from New Haven due at 7.08 o'clock, arrived 10 minutes later, and is at this hour (11.30) buried in snow at the depot. The two trains which preceded this are stalled between this city and Westport. The train from Pittsfield arrived at 11.30 o'clock. Two trains are snowbound at East Bridgeport, and not a wheel is moving on the Consolidated, Housatonic or Naugatuck roads, and no effort will be made to start trains until the snow abates.

Traffic at a Standstill.

MERIDEN, Ct., March 12. The snow storm which began last evening at five o'clock with a light fall of snow increased during the night and continued with a fury unequalled in this vicinity for fourteen years. It is a veritable blizzard and traffic, unable to cope with it, is at a standstill. On the Consolidated road the 7.31 A. M. train north is fast in the drifts at the South [illegible] Meriden, the 8.40 train north is fast. Its locomotives came up to help the 7.33, but the three cars refused to move.

The Storm at the Highlands.

BOSTON, March 12. The storm in the bay is unusually fierce. At Highland light the wind is southeast, blowing a gale, and it is raining hard. The signal officer at the Highlands wires that he can see but three miles. The steamer Shawmut, with the barge Atlas in tow for New York, started from Provincetown this morning, but it is not at all likely that they will get over the shoals, and will probably return. Steamer Bulgarian, from Liverpool arrived this morning.

The Storm at Bellows Falls, Vt.

BELLOWS FALLS, Vt., March 12. One of the worst storms of the season set in at dark last night and in different parts of this county from twelve to fifteen inches of snow has fallen. At daylight a heavy wind began piling it badly. It promises to be worse than the storm of January 26, which had not been surpassed for many years. The railroads are seriously blockaded already, and the storm is increasing.

KILLED ON THE AROOSTOOK

Fatal Fall from a Load of Logs.

WOODSTOCK, N. B., March 12. Robert Nixon, who was lumbering on the Aroostook in company with his sons, Darius and Adolphus, was killed instantly Friday in the lumber woods. He fell off a high load of logs, and struck on his temple, receiving a fatal wound. Deceased lived at Brighton, and has followed lumbering all his life. Though about sixty-five years of age, he was all remarkably hale and active man. His body was taken to Brighton.

THE STORM IN NEW HAMPSHIRE

Heaviest Known in the Mountains for Years

FABYAN'S, N. H., March 13. It has been the severest storm known in the mountains for years. Twenty inches of snow fell and it is blowing a gale. All trains are cancelled.

MURDEROUS DOUBLE ASSAULT.

Tried to Kill Husband and Wife.

BOLTON, Ont., March 13. A man named Preston, employed by John Forester, attacked the latter with an axe while at work in the bush, hacking him fearfully and fracturing his skull. He then went to the house and assaulted Mrs. Forester with a poker. Both were found unconscious three hours later. Forester will probably die but his wife is likely to recover. Preston was arrested.

Our Own Folks and Other Folks.

Mr. A. H. Smith and Miss Smith are visiting in Boston.

Hon. W. L. Putnam, of Portland, is at the Bangor House.

Mrs. Helen Winslow Potter is visiting for a few days in Dexter.

Hugh D. Lumsden, C. E., of the Canadian Pacific Railroad, was at the Bangor House last night.

Rev. Hugh Thomas D. D., of Portland, is the guest of Rev. G. W. Field. He will return to his home on Thursday.

Mr. Wm. E. Johnson, the representative of Johnson's Cyclopedia, is stopping at the Bangor House and canvassing the city.

C. F. A. Johnson, Esq., and wife, of Presque Isle, are the guests of Mr. Johnson's brother, I. S. Johnson, Esq., at the Bangor House.

Mr. and Mrs. Ward, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Goodwin, left on the noon train yesterday for their home in Cambridge, Mass.

Municipal Court.

Tuesday, March 13th.

Thomas Burns, of New York, for larceny, was bound over to the August term in the sum of $200.

Hampden Items.

[Regular Correspondence of Whig and Courier]

Mr. Horace Sillsby has been confined to the house for several weeks but has so far recovered as to be able to ride out.

Mrs. Hastings, the aged mother of Mr. Charles Brown, fell from a lounge last Sunday and broke her hip. The accident is a very serious one, for Mrs. H. is past eighty years old, and is feeble health.

The ladies of the Congregational Parish served a warm dinner in Masonic Hall on town meeting day, which proved a decided success. The dinner was well patronized and much praised by the voters and the ladies realized quite a good sum for their work.

Mrs. William Miller has had two slight shocks of paralysis and her condition is critical.

Prof. F. A. Spratt and wife returned on Monday.

Prof. B. J. Allen met with quite a serious accident last Friday, while driving a spirited horse. One of the holdback straps broke letting the sleigh upon the horse and he ran throwing Mr. Allen out and dislocated one of his shoulders. A doctor was called and set it, and Mr. Allen has so far recovered as to be able to attend to his duties at the Academy this week.

The Academy opened its spring term on Tuesday, the 13th. The day was very stormy, still there was a good number present at the opening session and the attendance promises to be large.

Mrs. J. C. Eveleth has been seriously ill but is recovering.

Mrs. Thomas Partridge has been afflicted with a large and malignant carbuncle and for several days was able only to get rest by taking opiates.

Miss Etta Loring one of the Academy students is critically ill.

Mr. Samuel Redman went on Monday to Castine to enter the State Normal School.

Miss Carrie Alden, who graduated from the State Normal School at Castine last summer, has been offered and has accepted a position as teacher there. Miss Alden is a teacher of high merit, as this bears testimony, and will prove an efficient instructor in her new position.

Town meeting occurred on Monday and it was very fully attended. Mr. H. W. Mayo was elected Moderator and Mr. F. G. Rogers Clerk. The old board of Selectmen were re-elected viz: Mr. Horace Pickard, Mr. John Lary and Mr. Edmund Pickard. General James H. Butler was elected Treasurer and Collector, and Dr. W. H. Nason Supervisor of Schools. It was voted to raise $2,500 for schools, $1,500 for the town's poor, $1,000 for incidental expenses and $800 for highways.

Mrs. Mary Bates, of Ellsworth, is visiting Rev. S. D. Towne and family.

Capt. Matthew Hodgdon left town this week for Rhode Island, where his vessel has been hauled up for the winter.

New Advertisements.

I. & R. Morley's English make of "Clean and Fast" hosiery in great variety of style and cost, warranted fast colors and nothing to injure the fabric. Also a large line of gloves in Bon Marche, Simpson's Best, Foster, Bacrita and embroidered back, at Snow & Company's.

A complete assortment of the F. P. Robinson "Clean Fast" black stockings for ladies, gentlemen, misses and children at E. B. Hall's.

T. J. Stewart, Trustees' Agent, offers the Lincoln pulp mill for sale.

First class board at 31 Pine street.

Ferris & Co.'s light salted hams at C. A. Averill & Co.'s.

J. B. Ayer offers a farm for sale 2½ miles from the city.

Spring goods, including marbles, Japanese kites, jumping ropes, rolling hoops, clubs, balls, bats, masks, etc., at J. D. Glynn's.

Truffle sausage, in pound and half pound tins; pate de foie gras and canned shrimps, at James H. Snow & Co's.

Competent girl wanted at No. 41 Pine street.

Best cure for Coughs and Colds is the old Boston Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam. [illegible]

LOCAL MATTERS.

The annual rental of pews will take place next Monday evening at 7.30 o'clock, at the Hammond street church.

Eight inches of snow fell at Greenville, during the storm of Monday night. Not quite as much fell further towards this city.

The Women's Christian Temperance Union will hold a special meeting at their room, No. 12 Main street, this afternoon at three o'clock.

The childrens social, which was to take place in the First Baptist parlors last evening was postponed on account of the storm until Friday evening.

Mr. Frank Osgood built the engine for the new steamer just completed at Brewer for Mr. Charles Treat, to run in Cold Stream Pond, Enfield.

Mr. Harry N. Sellers received his appointment yesterday as aid-de-camp on the staff of Col. Libby, of Maine Division, S. of V., with the rank of second lieutenant.

Regular business meeting of the Crusade this afternoon at 2.30 o'clock; prayer meeting, to which all are cordially invited at four; held in the reading room, Franklin street.

It is reported that the Maine State College faculty will reconsider their decision in regard to the nine's not being allowed to enter the Maine College League this season.

The entertainment to have been given last evening by the W. F. M. Society connected with the First Methodist Church, was postponed to next Tuesday evening on account of the storm.

The boys had lots of fun snow balling among themselves yesterday and the music of the spheres was very pleasant to all except those who got a taste of the spheres in some tender spot.

A party of about twenty workmen arrived in the city Monday night from the Canadian Pacific Railroad and put up with Barney Kelley. They are mostly Frenchmen and are on their way west.

One of the Eastman heater cars full of potatoes caught on fire yesterday and was considerably damaged before the fire could be extinguished. Many of the potatoes were baked quite effectually.

The orange growers in Florida say that there will be an unusually large orange crop next season if the frost does not spoil the fruit. A number of our citizens are interested in orange groves in Florida.

At the regular monthly meeting Monday night of the Bangor Loan and Building Association, in the Common Council Room, City Hall, bids were received for loans of $3,000 at five and ten cents premium.

Messrs Edward Tuttle and George Neal are on a week's fishing trip at Newcomb's Landing, Pushaw Pond. Pickerel are biting well at Pushaw, so it is reported, and those that are captured are of good size and flavor.

The lecture which was to have been delivered by Prof. Ropes in the vestry of the Hammond Street church next Friday evening, has been postponed to Tuesday evening of next week, when an interesting lecture is expected.

The Penobscot County Agriculture Society will hold an adjourned meeting this forenoon at ten o'clock at the Common Council room, City Hall. An interesting and profitable meeting is expected, and the attendance will probably be large.

Many would-be travelers gave up their journeys for yesterday on account of the storm, fearing that they would be blocked at some point. Most of them will probably make another start to-day as the effects of the storm will be greatly reduced.

The Sons of Veterans assembly at City Hall last evening was largely attended and much enjoyed, being a successful affair. Sixteen dances were on the programme and music was furnished by Messrs. Howard and Kempton. Dancing was continued to a late hour.

Mrs. James Wyman, formerly of Chester, Me., died on Monday at her home in Anoka, Minn., at the age of 65 years, 9 months and 10 days. She was a sister of Sprague Adams, Esq., and James Adams, Esq., of this city, and a lady highly esteemed by all who knew her.

Owing to Mr. J. A. Robinson's taking the second floor of Wheelwright & Clark's block over the Second National Bank for his custom department, the Collateral Loan Company has taken another office on the same floor, and A. J. Chapman, Esq., an office on the third floor.

The Supreme Judicial Court, January term, will convene this forenoon at ten o'clock, at which time Hon. W. L. Putnam, of Portland, will argue his motion filed in the Shaw cases in which, as attorney for the Casco National Bank, of Portland, he asks leave to come in and defend.

There was an error in the published report of the vote of Ward Four. Mr. J. B. P. Wheelden, the Republican councilman, received 291 votes instead of 221. From the figures Tuesday morning it appears that Mr. Wheelden ran behind his ticket when as a matter of fact he ran ahead.

Good progress is being made upon the new Natural History building at the Maine State College and the different rooms will soon be ready to furnish. The library will be completed in about two weeks. The building is handsome and well arranged and is a fine addition to the college buildings.

Among those who will take part in the entertainment to be given Friday evening at the First Congregational church vestry are Mrs. W. H. Nelson, Miss May Sibley, who will give some selections upon the autoharp, and Mr. A. C. Morton. A very pleasant programme is being arranged for the occasion.

There are now about three feet of snow in the region above the Katahdin Iron Works and the lumbermen report excellent hauling. A large amount of work is being done there under the best of advantages. It has been a good winter for the lumbermen with just the right quantity of snow for effective work.

Ten linemen came to this city Monday night by special train from Mattawamkeag and left on the evening train, which awaited their arrival, for Boston to replace in position the telegraph wires which were thrown down during the storm. It will take several days to repair all the damage that was done for it extended over a large territory.

The manufacturers of room papers have had an unusually large number of orders to fill this year, so much so that they inform our dealers that their orders will be filled as soon as the paper can be made. Prices are low at present and the dealers [illegible]

The complimentary reception and drill which has been tendered General H. L. Mitchell and staff, by the Nealey Rifles, of Lewiston, will take place on the evening of April 19th. The event will conclude with a grand ball. Preparations are being made for the occasion which is expected to be one of the pleasantest and most successful of the season.

Mr. J. S. F. Boody, closes his writing school at East Bangor, to-day. A prize will be given the scholar who has made the most marked improvement during the term. Mr. Boody has had a large class under his instruction, and has proved an excellent teacher. The term has been a very successful one to all concerned.

A number of snowshoers were out yesterday, some for pleasure and others for the reason that that was the easiest way of getting about early in the morning. This sport has taken quite a boom during the winter and a number of ladies and gentlemen have become quite expert at the art. It is a healthful and spirited exercise and is growing in popularity each year.

Rev. George Croswell Cressey will lecture to-morrow evening before the Y. M. C. A. Hall, upon "What shall we Read?" Upon this occasion it is proposed to give the ladies a chance to hear this able and interesting speaker. There will undoubtedly be a very large attendance, and an instructive and interesting lecture may be expected.

Rev. George D. Lindsay lectured in Skowhegan on Monday evening on the Chautauqua plan and course of study, and notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather he was listened to by an interested audience that filled the house. The subject of his lecture is one with which the speaker is not only thoroughly acquainted but in which he is deeply interested.

One of the features at the concert to be given by the Arbuckleinean Quartette on next Thursday night, will be the Miserere duet, from "Il Trovatore," by Miss Wiley and Mr. A. G. Ray, with an accompaniment by the Arbuckleinean Quartette. A programme of much excellence has been arranged for this concert and a very pleasant event is assured.

Robert Downing is appearing this week in a number of Massachusetts cities as "Spartacus, the Gladiator." He will next season include "Othello" in his repertoire. The tragedy will be produced in the same excellent manner as "The Gladiator." The elaborate production of "St. Marc" will also be brought out by Mr. Mack next season at one of the principal New York theatres, with Mr. Downing in the title role.

Mr. C. H. Pease, of the Junior class of the Theological Seminary, has been obliged to give up his studies for the present on account of trouble with one of his eyes, and he left for his home in New Haven on Monday. He will consult with New York physicians in regard to the trouble, which it is to be hoped will not result in the loss of sight in the eye that is now quite badly affected.

State Secretary Edward A. Lawrence, of the Y. M. C. A., has been engaged in work at Gardiner for some time past and the result is very satisfactory. Quite a sum of money has been raised and special meetings for young men are being held. The Augusta Association is looking around for a general secretary, having raised $1,100. At Waterville $1,200 has been raised for the Y. M. C. A. work, and C. L. Pierce has been called as secretary.

The following Maine people left on the Raymond excursion from Boston on Monday for either Mexico or California: Dr. Silas Alden, Bangor; Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Blabon, Portland; Miss Cornelia S. Blake, Portland; Mr. and Mrs. T. U. Coe, Bangor; Mr. Albert G. Rollins, Portland; Mrs. D. Tewksbury, Portland; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Woodman, Bangor; Miss Clara B. Varney, Skowhegan; Mr. and Mrs. J. L. H. Cobb, and Miss Jennie Ambrose, Lewiston.

The annual meeting of the Mattawamkeag Log Driving Company was held yesterday forenoon at ten o'clock at the office of Abram Moor, Esq. on Exchange street, and the following officers were chosen to serve during the ensuing year: Moderator, Frank Gilman; Directors, Samuel Sterns, Elisha Gilpatrick, H. H. Putnam. In the afternoon at 2.30 bids were received for driving into Penobscot boom, and it was let to Mr. J. Fred Webster at thirty-two and a half cents, from the Gellerson boom to Penobscot boom.

GOOD TEMPLARS. J. H. Hamilton, Grand Counsellor for Maine Good Templars, addressed a public temperance meeting at Fort Fairfield, Sunday, March 11th, and will visit Aroostook Valley Lodge, Monday evening to give instructions in the new work of the order. The lodge was organized in November last and now numbers twenty-five members. Mr. Hamilton will be at Caribou on the 13th, and attend Northern Aroostook District Lodge at Presque Isle, the 14th, to give the new District Lodge degree.

A gentleman who was in Boston a few days ago informs us that there was no snow or ice whatever upon the ground there and that the streets were dry and dusty. This was somewhat in contrast with the appearance of our streets at the time, which were covered with snow and ice that looked as though it was liable to hang for some time yet. A few more snow storms may be expected this month but they will quickly disappear under the influence of the sun and the March winds.

INTERESTING OPERETTA. Equally interested in the project of a new building to be used as church parlors by the Unitarian Society, all the young people of the Sunday School have had for some time in preparation a bright little operetta, entitled "The Land of Nod," portraying the visit of six little sleepy-heads to the King of the Land of Nod, and the wonders they saw at his court. Some twenty-five little people representing the King, Sandy Man, Jack o' Dreams, Royal Pages, Dream Spirits, Goblins and Sleepy-heads, will present this play at City Hall, Friday evening. The entertainment will conclude with dancing. The proceeds will be used in the furnishing of the new parlors.

COSTLY SHOES. A man named Thomas Burns, who claims New York as his native place, was given shelter at the police station Monday night. During the evening another person, who in the condition commonly known as stunned, was brought into the station. As it happened the latter had on a nice pair of shoes, and they at once attracted the attention of the shelter who at once proceeded to transfer them to his own feet. As it happened this action was seen by another shelter. The first shelter was let out early in the morning and walked off with his newly acquired shoes as though they were the celebrated ten league boots. The officers were informed of the occurrence by the second shelter, and they immediately proceeded [illegible]

Penobscot District Lodge of Good Templars meets with Conqueror Lodge in Bradley on Thursday of this week. One half rate tickets on the railroad to Great Works for all those attending the session.

The American Express Company is transporting quite large quantities of lobsters at present. They come from Vinalhaven, Jonesport and Wiscasset and are sent through to Boston and New York, principally.

Rev. Father P. J. Garrity, of this city, who for a number of months has been laboring among the Canadian Pacific Railroad workmen, has completed his work there, and is at present in Old Town where he will remain for a short time.

A very large lynx was brought down from Greenville yesterday, by the American Express Company to be mounted by Mr. Skinner Crosby, for the gentleman who captured him. The animal was shot directly between the eyes. He has very long claws, and would have been a wicked customer to meet unarmed. The animal is a fine specimen of the lynx species.

The case of the Boston and Maine Steamship Company vs. steamer City of Richmond to recover salvage for services by the steamer Forest City in towing the City of Richmond last August, was argued last Monday in the United States District Court, Portland, before Judge Webb. A decision was rendered for the libellants for $200 damages, with costs of marshal, clerk and proctors.

Mr. W. S. Reeves, business manager of Spenser's "Little Tycoon" Opera Company, is in the city making arrangements for the appearance of the company at the Opera House next Tuesday and Wednesday evenings. Mr. Reeves says that the company numbers forty-six persons and is one capable of giving the opera in a very finished manner. The soloists are excellent and the chorus very strong. Miss Lily Post, who has made a great hit in New York, will assume the part of Violet and Mr. E. Gevaise will take the part of Alvin. It will be the first time that the opera has ever been presented in this city.

NEW TELEGRAPH OFFICE. The Western Union Telegraph Company is building an office at the Maine Central depot, to be used especially in summer when the travel is large, for the accommodation of travellers, who can then step from the cars, deliver their message and take the next train, all in a few moments if necessary. Formerly this business was done at the railroad telegraph office, but the whole time of the railroad operator was needed. The new office is conveniently located in the centre of the depot, and will undoubtedly accommodate many travellers whose time is limited. A competent operator will have charge. The wood work will be completed in a few days, and then the instruments will be put in.

THE MAXWELL WILL. A Milo correspondent writes. Considerable excitement has been created here by the newspaper accounts of the late Capt. Noble Maxwell and his money. There is residing in this place a young man who, by one of the codicils to the will, becomes an heir to some of the much talked of shekels. It is Noble A. Maxwell, son of Alexander Maxwell, now deceased, who was a nephew of the late Capt. Noble Maxwell. Should the will be broken Noble A. Maxwell would become the possessor of a large fortune. He has two sisters, one in Massachusetts and one Connecticut. Alexander Maxwell the father of this young man, was supposed to have been deceased long before his death, which occurred in this place about the year 1870, and for this reason it is supposed that Capt. Noble Maxwell was ignorant of the existence of this branch of his family and hence made no direct provision for them in his will.

ENJOYABLE SOCIABLE. The sociable of the Hammond Street Church Society in the vestry of that church last evening was one of the most successful affairs of the season, and was attended by a large number. Supper was served in the early part of the evening, a number of young ladies officiating as waitresses, after which the following programme was rendered: Selection by the Arbuckleinean Quartette; song, "Schneider's Band," Mr. Hunnewell; piano duet, Misses Wasgatt and Dickey; song, Mrs. Nelson; combination readings and recitations by nine ladies and gentlemen, introducing German, French, Italian, Greek, Hebrew, English, Irish and Dutch dialects; selection by Arbuckleinean Quartette. The programme was an exceedingly enjoyable one and was greatly appreciated by the audience, who encored every selection. One of the amusing features was the combination reading and recitations, being very unique. The candy booth was well patronized and the sum of twenty dollars was realized. The committee who arranged the affair deserve much credit for the success of the occasion.

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT.

February Criminal Term.

HON. JOHN A. PETERS, Chief Justice.
FREDERICK H. APPLETON, Esq., County Attorney.
GEORGE W. BROWN, Esq., Sheriff.
RUEL SMITH, Esq., Reporter.
CHARLES F. SWEET, Esq., Clerk.

Tuesday, March 13th.

State vs. Thomas Knowles, Dennis McCarthy, Anthony Kerrick, for assault and battery, were each sentenced to six months to labor in county jail. Sentences to take effect from the date of commitment.

State vs. George W. Gould, a tramp, was sentenced to 10 months to hard labor in State Prison.

There has been paid in at this term for fines and costs for violations of liquor law, $1,685.60; defaulted bail in other matters, $1,000.

Court has adjourned to Monday, April 2d next, at 10 A. M., at which time the arguments upon the motion for new trial in the Stain and Cromwell case will be made.

Municipal Elections.

HERMON.

At the Hermon town election the Republicans carried the town by storm, sixty majority electing all Republican officers except one member of the Superintending School Committee who was elected by Republicans and Democrats, receiving all but one of the ballots cast. The town officers for the year are as follows: Moderator, J. M. Taylor; Clerk, F. G. Eaton; Selectmen, W. D. Eaton, J. W. Leathers, and Frank A. Bishop; S. S. Committee, W. F. Harding and O. L. Tibbitts; Treasurer, C. H. Patten; Town Agent, W. D. Eaton.

ANSON.

The following list of officers was elected at the annual meeting March 12th, 1888: Moderator, Charles Foss; Clerk, D. H. Buxton; First Selectman, Charles Foss; Second Selectman, J. H. Blanchard; Third Selectman, F. B. Weymouth; Town Agent, D. H. Buxton; S. S. Committee, Charles Foss, Fred Chandler; Collector and Constable, C. L. Adams; Road Agent, S. H. Bennett.

HOWLAND.

[illegible]

and Overseers of the Poor; Francis Davis, Treasurer; J. W. Davis, Collector; A. H. Weymouth, Town Agent; Mrs. H. S. Emery, Supervisor of Schools.

ANOTHER BLIZZARD.

Effects of the Storm.

Another blizzard has visited this section and left its effects in the shape of blockaded railroads and drifted roads. Not a great amount of snow fell but what did come was blown about into drifts that in some places were piled up to quite a depth, causing much trouble to the trains and a suspension of travel over the country roads during yesterday. It began snowing early Monday evening and continued through the night, the high wind blowing the descending flakes about in every direction. It did not take long for quite sizable drifts to be formed, especially in exposed places. The snow plows were out early yesterday morning and Street Commissioner Brackett soon had excellent walks plowed out.

The trains, of course, experienced considerable difficulty in proceeding on account of the storm which blocked the tracks and were delayed during the day. The train from Boston due here early yesterday morning got off the track at South Berwick and then the shifter left the track at the "Y" in Portland causing another another delay of three hours. The train left Portland at 7 o'clock and arrived in this city at about one o'clock in the afternoon. The train due here at noon from Portland closely followed and there was but a few minutes difference in the time of arrival. The Bar Harbor train due here yesterday forenoon at 11.20 did not reach this city during the day on account of the engine and snow plow leaving the track near Ellsworth. A train was sent down on the road to get the engine and plow into place and clear the track and the regular afternoon train left for Bar Harbor as usual.

The wrecking train got the engine, which was quite badly damaged, back upon the track about six o'clock, and the train proceeded to this city, reaching here at about midnight.

The Bucksport train, due here at 2.40 yesterday afternoon was about an hour late. All of the eastern and Bangor and Piscataquis trains were about on time. All of the through freight trains both east and west were cancelled yesterday. Last evening's train due here at 6.05 arrived on time, but it came only from Portland, as the Boston train had not arrived.

At eight o'clock we were informed that the Boston train due at Portland was off the track at Eliot and would not probably reach Portland for at least two hours. This will make it four o'clock at least before it can reach this city. The trains left this city yesterday at the usual time. Snow plows were run on most of the trains during the day and the tracks were effectively cleared of the snow so that no further difficulty will be experienced.

The only stages to arrive yesterday were those from Monroe, Winterport and Edington. The Corinth, Bradford, Exeter, Glenburn, North Hermon and Dixmont stages had not been heard from up to last night. There are some bad drifts on the country roads that will make the travelling somewhat hard for a few days.

A very light snow fell most of the day yesterday, changing late in the afternoon to a thin sleet. It was slushy walking about the streets, as the snow melted. The communication by telegraph with Boston was shut off all the day and night on account of the wires being down, and consequently news from that source was very meagre. It is probable that the effects of the storm will have been overcome by to-day and business be resumed as usual.

THE LIVER, KIDNEYS AND BLOOD. Keep them right and you will enjoy perfect health and long life. Bell's Sarsaparilla is what you need if either are affected. Mr. E. R. Witham, of Bangor, was cured of a liver and kidney trouble with this medicine. He says, "It did me so much good that I gained in weight 35 lbs. in less than one year. I found it a most reliable medicine." Try it. 50 cents. All druggists. mc11

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St. N. Y. dec23d&wly

Ice Blasting

A SPECIALTY.

Removing ice from the tails of mills, log jams, river obstructions, ice gorges; removing ice from wharves and harbors; cutting channels through ice for vessels, by the use of high explosives. We have experts in this line of business. Also dealer in gunpowder, Fortis powder and Steam Rock Drills. Address,

GEO. H. SAMPSON,
231 State Street, Boston, Mass.
feb15 1m

TRUFFLE SAUSAGE,

In Pound and Half Pound Tins. Also

PATE DE FOI GRAS,

—AND—

Canned Shrimps,

Just Received.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

Real Estate.

House for Sale or Rent.

Corner of State and Pearl Streets. Price $1500 00. Rent $150 00. Inquire of
J. H. OLERGUE,
No. 33 Main Street.
march13

Tenement for Sale.

Pleasantly located, good neighborhood, 14 rooms, all modern conveniences; furnace, gas, bath room, Holly water, marble mantels, &c. Terms made easy. Inquire of
S. R. DOWNS,
Letter Carrier, No. 13, 4th street
march6 3m

FOR SALE.

A cottage house with eight rooms, No. 100 Pearl Street, lot 100 by 70 feet, and house No. 12 Fern street; convenient for two families; also house No. 21 Bird street.
Inquire of CALVIN KIRK,
No. 7 East Summer street.
march6 2w*

FARM FOR SALE.

We offer for sale a farm of about forty (40) acres, all tillage, situated near Webster Station in Orono. There are on the premises a large barn (60x40, with basement. Contains a never failing supply of water. Cut 40 tons of hay last year, besides grain and vegetables. Price $2,500. Inquire of
R. C. & C. S. HEALD,
Orono, Me.
feb25 4w

Timber and Wood Lands FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers for sale very low, lots 7 and 8 in R. Woodcliff's Plantation, lot No. 31 in town of Alton, lot No. 21 in town of Glenburn.
GEO. W. LADD,
No. 75 Exchange Street.

FOR SALE.

A large investor, for a contracting 10 rooms, all in good repair. A good chance, almost new. Property located in out three minutes walk from the Post Office. Will be cheap. Address
BOX 1031,
feb22 4tf

House for Sale.

The house on Union street now occupied by Mrs L. A. Kimball, on the corner of Elm and Union streets, is now offered for sale. For particulars, inquire of Mrs. Kimball on the premises or of
C. B. THATCHER, 86 Exchange Street.
feb22 tf

FOR SALE.

A house and large garden, on North street, strictly located. Inquire of
ADAMS HIGGINS,
feb15 4 Bowman Block.

FOR RENT.

A nice tenement No. 9 Pleasant street, containing seven rooms, Holly water, good cellar and shed. Inquire of Mr. Earl, corner Pleasant & Exchange streets, or of
ALBION K. PARSONS, 12 State Street or 67 Pleasant.
feb22 tf

For Rent.

A small, convenient cottage house, desirable for a family of two; rent $100 a year. Inquire of
J. J. PRINGLE
feb14 tf

For Rent.

A small, convenient cottage house, desirable for a family of two; rent $100 a year. Inquire of
J. J. PRINGLE
feb14 tf

Wanted. Lost Found, etc

WANTED—A WOMAN

of some business ability, to take charge of a business well established, and which will yield a handsome income. Permanent position. Not money, but a good salary to the right party. Address, with stamp, Box 1, Bangor, Me.
feb22

Blacksmith Wanted.

A good carriage maker.
H. H. HARRIS.
march7

JUST OPENED and fitted up in Rooms at No. 7 Exchange street, a first class room for gentlemen to spend their leisure. Also good room over the store to let.
W. H. WIXE.
feb17 tf

WANTED.

A number of Ladies or gentlemen to represent the Ladies Fashion Bazaar, a new and popular publication. Address, with stamp, for particulars,
C. H. WIXE,
feb17 tf

WANTED.

A number of gentlemen to represent the Ladies Fashion Bazaar, a new and popular publication. Address, with stamp, for particulars,
C. H. WIXE,
feb17 tf

WANTED.

Agents to sell the Universal Bible. Contains a thorough and complete encyclopedia of Biblical knowledge, followed by such a mass of information in table form and Land Illustration Herald says of the work: "Nothing equal to it for thoroughness and accuracy." Those who buy it will get their money's worth." Journal of Education says: "Most great work of a book of reference. It is a complete, plain and practical educational library, published in the language." Address, with stamp,
DAVID A. CLOSE, 22 Wall St.
feb15 4w3m

Schooner for Sale.

Some 60 tons, a good lumber coaster, of Belfast, now lying at Wilmington, will be sold for cash. Apply in person or by letter to
A. M. & J. TEAGUE, Frankfort, Me.
march12 4Wsim

NOTICE.

To Parties Contemplating the Purchase of Horses.

W. L. ROBBINS will arrive Tuesday, Feb. 21st, with a choice lot of young Kentucky horses, desirable animals, which upon inspection forms every critical to this city. On exhibition at Stevens & Lord's stable, Harlow street, Bangor. These horses are for sale and will be closed out quick. Call and see for yourselves. Remember the time and place. Horses will be found at Lord's stable.
feb20 Comtoap

Twenty Thousand Dollars.

BY JAMES T. McKAY.

(Copyright.)

(CONTINUED.)

She looked in, but she did not see Prent. By the safe in the corner a man was kneeling, with a slouched black hat and a suit of rough, worn clothes. His back was toward her. Her lover lamp stood ignited on the top of the safe. With a drill and a heavy mallet, padded at the end, he was picking a hole in the iron door, just above the lock. into that safe Prent had put only the night before, $3,000 and odd of taxes taken at Carrom.

On the table just behind him lay his pistol. She saw the copper gleam of the cap under the hammer. As she looked the man stood up, threw off his coat and raised the window. He took a red handkerchief out of his hat, wiped his forehead

[illegible] again to his work. She [illegible] the door without noise, [illegible] the window and [illegible] the first place. Moving very cautiously, she raised her arm, and then, timing the motion by his regular strokes, and holding her breath, she thrust her arm, lifted the pistol and drew it out. She almost let at his head, expecting to see him turn; but he did not hear—picked away at the plate.

She came back to the front and watched him. His drill went through the plate as she looked. He worked it back and forth—probing the opening inside. It was just above the chamber of the lock. He picked out the hole a little larger. Then he got up and took from the pocket of his coat a flask and a length of fuse. She saw him put the flask to the opening and pour the chamber full of powder. He inserted the fuse and let the end hang down. Taking a match from his pocket, he struck it. It was time to act, Nell thought. The match flashed and went out.

She ran round to the back. The kitchen door stood ajar. She passed in, silent as death, caught a match from the shelf, lit a candle and stepped through the passage to the door of the east room. The door was open. She held the candle outside in her left hand, stood in the doorway and pointed the pistol.

He had not heard her. More matches had caused. He struck one now and held the flame down. It caught and flared up bright. He put it to the end of the fuse, threw it down, and stood up.

He faced round, and stared one instant at the girl stood fronting him, with as brave, calm face, white and fair, as ever looked into peril. He saw his pistol in her hand, aimed steady and true. He stared one moment, then leaned quickly down and blew out the lamp. She saw the spark glowing slowly but steadily up the fuse. She brought the candle forward and threw the light upon him. She stepped forward into the room.

"Go back," she said. Step backward to the wall. If you turn or lift your hand I will kill you."

He knew that she would. He backed away. She advanced step by step. She set the candle down upon the safe. She did not move her eyes from his face. She kept the pistol steadily aimed, her finger on the trigger. The spark had ignited half way along the fuse. She bent down, never out the fuse with her left hand. With a quick backward motion she threw it through the open sash. Then she spoke, calm and deliberate, her eyes never leaving his face, the pistol pointed straight at his breast. "Take off your hat."

He stood against the wall, the slouched brim shaded his face. She wanted to see his face when he answered her. He put up his hand and took it off. "Look in my face," she said.

He lifted his eyes and looked at her with a sullen, sheepish, villainous face.

"You are in my power," she went on. "I will have you men here in fifteen minutes, at most. You know the penalty of this night's work—ten years in a prison cell. If you answer me truly I'll let you go your way. If you try to get away I'll fire, and I shall not miss." She paused a minute, then went on. "Where is the man you waylaid?" She never doubted that he knew.

"Parson's got him," he said, in a low, brave voice.

"What do you mean? Speak plain—I'll have no shuffling!"

"I tell ye a mountain! Parson's got him—now the parson!"

"Who's the parson?" "Parson's on earth!" "Where is he now?" "I don't know!" "Where did he go?" "Said he was goin' to Caramore."

She saw it all at a flash. "To Bath & Whitbury's store?" "Yes." "He did not know the road?" "No." "He took him to show him?" "Yes." "Are there any more?" "One more." "Did the task him on horseback?" "No." "How?" "In the buggy, along of the parson."

She felt—she told the truth. A man can lie with a bold face, may lie with a face more brazen than one who speaks the truth. But, he cannot look in your eyes and lie, however boldly, exactly as he would tell true. Nine times out of ten the lie will show through one way or other. I should like to see the man who could look my Nell straight in the eyes and lie without some sign. I should not like to see him.

"I believe you," she said. "Pass out, unlock the door to the right, open it, go out." She followed him out through the gated pistol in hand. "Get your horse," she said.

She followed him up the road, he might find Driver. He turned off into the wood, brought out the horse, got up and started west. She heard him gallop down the Packerton road till his horse's tramp died away. Then she got Driver and rode away south. The square and Pent were riding north to meet her. She waved them back, came up and galloped past.

"To Caramore," she cried, "come on!" She led the way. They followed. They swept away south through the night.

I said the parson turned into the Caramore road, and rolled on north.

"If we're not there in half an hour," he said, "I'll put you out of pain." The mare was suffering severely now. I had driven her twenty-five miles across country, hill and sand and head. I had kept her well up to her speed every rod of the way, and she had held out nobly. It went against me to keep her up, but it was life and death to me, and we were headed horse. The pace was plainly much slower, though.

"Can you work her up?" he said, with a fierce, impatient glance.

"Don't you see the mare's ahead fagged?" I answered.

He put his head out and called:

"Ride ahead, Chisel. The mare's playing out. She'll follow better."

He came up, and went by. "Straight on!" he called. "Straight ahead," I answered.

He rode on. We followed. The mare went slower and slower. I knew the end was near.

"Whip her," he said. I looked him in the face. "Do you think I'm a brute?"

He caught up the whip and struck her sharply. She leaped out wildly and went on faster, gaining, now, every breath.

I turned upon him with set teeth. "I must come to that at last; it might as well come now."

"If you strike her again," I said, "I'll—" He struck her quick and sharp. I threw down the reins. "You may drive yourself."

He threw down the whip. His hand leaped up to his breast. His face was deadly white. A gleam of devilish hate glared out of his keen gray eyes.

"Take them up," he said, through his teeth.

He drew out his hand. I saw the bright steel glitter from the sheath.

Then I leaped upon him. I grasped the hand that held the knife, pressed his head back, with my left, with all my might. I turned the point in toward him, and pricked it sharply into his breast.

"Let go," I cried, "let go, or I'll drive it through you!" I dug the knife into his hand. I tore the knife away, flung it away behind. Then we grappled closer.

The mare swerved out onto side; the wagon tipped on a stone. We rolled over locked together, fell heavily on the ground. He was undermost, I upon him. He was stunned one instant, I got my hand to his breast and drew his pistol out. I put the barrel close to his face. "Yield, or I fire!"

He was no coward at least. He glared up at us fierce as a tiger.

"Shoot and ——," he hissed.

I flung the pistol back. It struck the fence and went off. I felt that I could kill him, but I wanted no coward's advantage. I ground his head into the sand; I gripped my hand in his collar, and tore out the spotless shirt front. I wanted to sell, tear, smash, blacken, bruise, disfigure his fine, smooth dress, his listless, lying face, his glossy hair and beard.

He twined his arms round my neck and choked me down. I got my hand on his face, and pressed it into the ground till he loosened his hold. I struck at his glittering sheath; he caught my hand in his teeth and bit it through. I clutched my fingers in his silky beard, beat his head on the ground, with all my might, tore and pounded him I know not how.

I heard the tramp of a horse close by, felt myself grasped behind, lifted and thrown down heavily. I was under now, and there were two of them.

I heard the rush of a dozen tramping hoofs; saw gleaming lanterns flash; heard shouts and curses and oaths and a pistol's report.

Then I was lying, looking into loving eyes, my head upon Nell's breast.

Chisel is in Lindesley jail with a broken arm. The parson has never been seen or heard of.

STATE NEWS.

Androscoggin.

Mrs. Polly Hackett, of Hackett's Mills, celebrated her twentieth birthday two weeks ago and yet has several grandchildren and one great grandchild. She was born Feb. 29th 1808 and has a birthday only once in four years.

R. W. Hanscom & Co., of Lewiston, are making a success of their venture in peat and overall making. They have manufactured 600 pairs since January 1st. The sewing is done in Lewiston and at Kent's Mills. The markets are along the Grand Trunk, largely and in New Hampshire.

The hotel-building enterprise in Auburn is being pushed by gentlemen who mean business. The corner of Court and Turner streets is regarded as a superior site for the purpose. It is said that fifteen gentlemen have subscribed $3,000 each, and that strong exertions are being made to secure the site considered most available.

The Lewiston and Auburn wholesale dealers dry goods gave their annual supper at the Dewitt House, Monday night. A number of guests were present and the speeches made indicated a considerable expansion of business and an excellent prospect that this will be an important wholesale trade centre.

The Auburn Y. M. C. A. is to give a reception to the business men of Auburn, on Friday evening, March 16th. State Secretary Lawrence will be present, as will also several general secretaries. Supper will be served in the gymnasium at seven o'clock by the ladies' Auxiliary, to be followed by an informal entertainment and remarks. The ladies are making a great effort to have this one of the finest affairs of the season.

Mr Greenlef says the pulp mill job at Livermore Falls is being pushed in a lively manner. "It's the biggest job of stone work in Maine—I won't except the Forts," says Mr. Greenlef. "We have about 300,000 more brick to lay; the machinery lines the river banks and the enterprise is a great one." The first floor of the pulp mill will be of iron, the second floor of hard pine, like a ship's deck, and I shall have 100,000 feet of lumber to put on to the masonry. It's a big job."

Cumberland.

The inauguration of the new city government of Portland took place Monday morning. W. H. Smith was elected chairman of the Board of Aldermen, and A. T. Laughlin, president of the Common Council.

Clarence Houghton, a young Portland lad, while playing on the ice cakes in Back Bay, Saturday, slipped into the water and would have drowned if Battery Feeney, a boy of sixteen years, had not secured a rope and managed to haul him out as he was sinking for the third time.

The imports at Portland, last week, were 1,794 Bag-heads and 175 tierces of molasses. The exports included the cargo of the Boston City for Liverpool, which was valued at $61,210, and that of the barkentine Harry Stewart for Port St. Louis, Africa, valued at $6,848.63, and 422,256 feet of lumber by other vessels.

Kennebec.

The chapel at the Insane Hospital was re-opened, Sunday, with special re-dedicatory services. The sermon was by the chaplain, Rev. J. B. Jordan. This chapel has been considerably improved and presents an attractive appearance.

Angie M. Warren, wife of Darius M. Warren, of Benton, died, Monday morning, under suspicious circumstances. Coroner L. D. Cakeer impanelled a jury and ordered an autopsy. Her body, head and face are covered with bruises which her husband, who was alone with her, claims were self-inflicted while in a fit.

Capt. Horatio B. Reed, late of the 5th Artillery, U. S. A., died last week at Togus, aged fifty-five. He served in Griffin's old battery, was wounded at Bull Run, served as adjutant at Fortress Monroe when Jefferson Davis was a prisoner there, and had control of the Carolinas during the reconstruction period. After resigning from the United States army he joined the staff of the Khedive of Egypt and became Bey Reed.

Oxford.

Among the famous collections of minerals in Maine, is the Merchant collection, which at present is in the possession of C. H. Perry of South Paris, and which he has lately been trying to sell to Bates College. The Merchant collection consists of a very full representation of American and foreign minerals of the geological specimens there are many rare and interesting fossils. The gems in this collection include diamond, rubies, sapphire, emerald, opals, hiddenite, tourmalines, topaz, aquamarines and others; large and choice lot of polished specimens of malachite, amethyst, jaspers, granites, fluorite, onyx, agates, sodalite, etc., an extensive collection of shells, corals and sea curiosities, also woods, nuts, birds' eggs, etc.

Waldo.

The trouble existing for the past two weeks between the New England Shipbuilding Company of Bath, and joiners employed at that place has been adjusted. Forty joiners who went out, returned to work, Monday morning. Under the new rate of wages, first class joiners will be paid twenty-five cents an hour until March of next year. The demand was for $2 50 per day.

Grange Meetings.

Kennebec County Pomona Grange—Next meeting with Cascade Grange, Oakland, Wednesday, March 14.

Penobscot County Grange—Next meeting with Rural Grange, Veazie, Saturday, March 17.

Union Pomona Grange—Next meeting with Evening Star Grange, Washington, Saturday, March 17.

North Penobscot Pomona Grange—Next meeting with Carroll Grange, Wednesday, March 21.

Sagadahoc Pomona Grange—Next meeting with West Bath Grange, Wednesday, March 28.

WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

Corrected daily by the Grocery Review.

SATURDAY, March 10.

Weights and Measures.—It shall be legal 60 pounds to a bushel of potatoes, 56 pounds of a bushel of beans in [illegible] 42 pounds, of [illegible] 40 pounds, of corn, [illegible] pounds, of carrots, [illegible] pounds, of barley and [illegible] 48 pounds, 32 pounds, of rye [illegible]

Country Produce.

APPLES—	
BEANS—	
Improved Yellow Eye, per bushel	[illegible]
Common hand picked, per bushel	[illegible]
BUTTER—	
Choice new roll, per lb	[illegible]
Common good	[illegible]
CHEESE—	
Best Factory, per lb (new)	[illegible]
Best Dairy, per lb	[illegible]
DRIED APPLES—	
Choice sliced, per lb	[illegible]
Common	[illegible]
EGGS—	
Fresh laid, per dozen	[illegible]
HAY—	
Best loose, per ton	[illegible]
Best baled	[illegible]
OATS—	
Prime Western	[illegible]
PEAS—	
Improved, per bushel	[illegible]
Best [illegible]	[illegible]
POTATOES—	
Hundred bag, per lb	[illegible]
POULTRY—	
Chickens, per lb	[illegible]
Fowls	[illegible]
Turkeys	[illegible]
ONIONS—	
Per bushel	[illegible]

Retail Prices Current.

SALT—	
[illegible], in boxes, per box	[illegible]
[illegible], sack, in 14 lb. bags, per bag	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]